



纳米流式检测仪在外泌体研究中的最新应用

——单颗粒水平多参数表征
粒径、浓度、生化性能

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公司简介

NanoFCM

公司坐落于厦门火炬高新区留学人员创业园，拥有自主研发的 **纳米流式检测技术 (Nano Flow Cytometry, NanoFCM)** 的相关知识产权，致力于纳米流式检测技术的推广和应用，进行技术产业化，是一家专门从事设备和配套解决方案的集开发、制造、销售和服务为一体的国家高新技术企业，同时在**英国**和**美国**分别成立了海外子公司。

相关荣誉：

- ✓ 2015 留学人员来闽创业启动支持计划 重点项目
- ✓ 2015 第八批引进高层次人才 “**双百计划**” A+类
- ✓ 2017 厦门市第三批A类青年创新人才计划
- ✓ 2017 **国家重点研发计划** “国家质量基础的共性技术研发与应用” 重点专项
- ✓ 2018 第六批省引才 “**百人计划**”
- ✓ 2018 **国家高新技术企业**

2018 成果获国家自然科学基金委官网报道



中国智造
自主研发
国产仪器
世界领先

国际化战略

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China

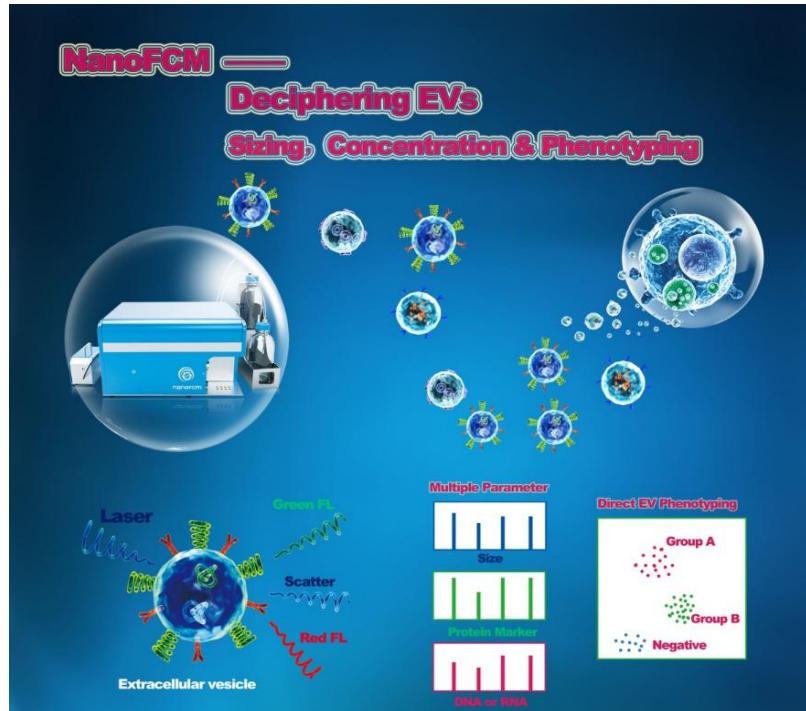
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USA

NanoFCM US INC., 475 S GRAND CENTRAL PKWY LAS
VEGAS, NV 89106, US



□ 外泌体的研究背景及纳米流式检测仪概述

□ 纳米流式检测仪对外泌体的单颗粒表征

- 粒径、浓度
- 生化性能 (蛋白、核酸、磷脂)

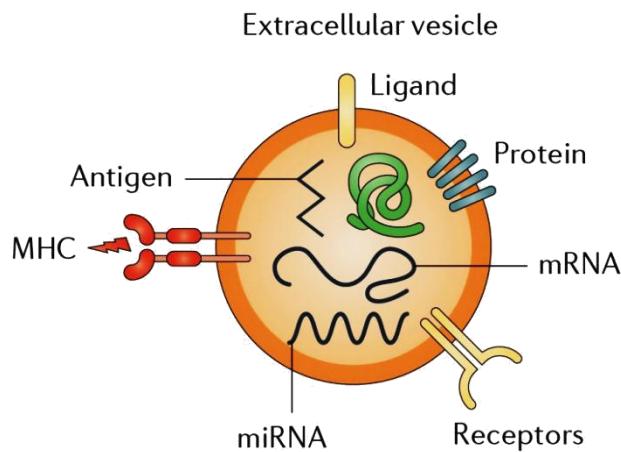
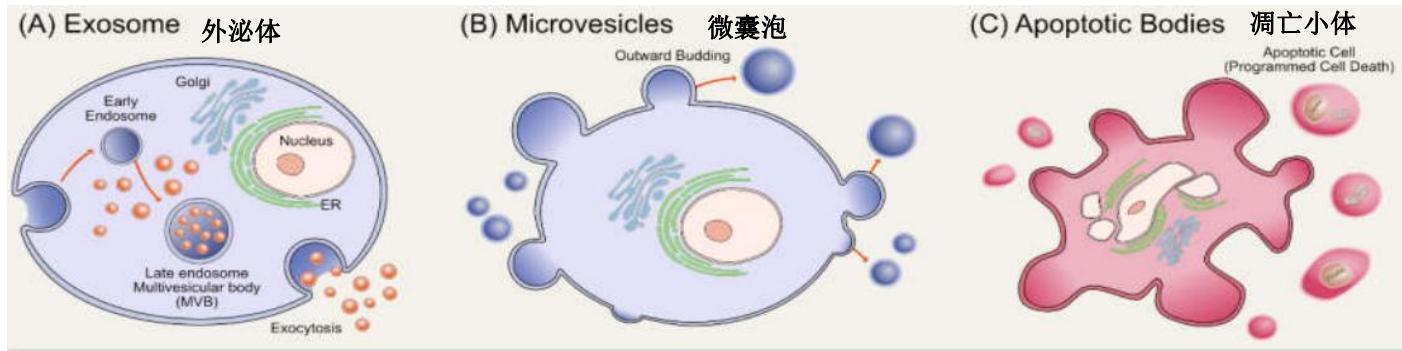
□ 应用案例

- 蛋白绝对定量
- 癌症诊断、调控追踪
- 抗体筛选、蛋白标记等

外泌体与细胞外囊泡

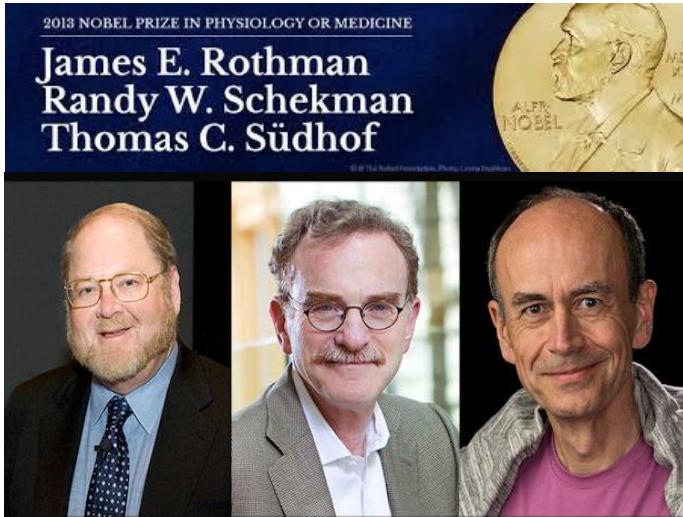
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细胞外囊泡 (extracellular vesicles, EVs) 是一种由细胞释放到细胞外基质的膜性小囊泡，参与细胞通讯、细胞迁移、血管新生和肿瘤细胞生长等过程，广泛地存在于各种体液和细胞上清中。

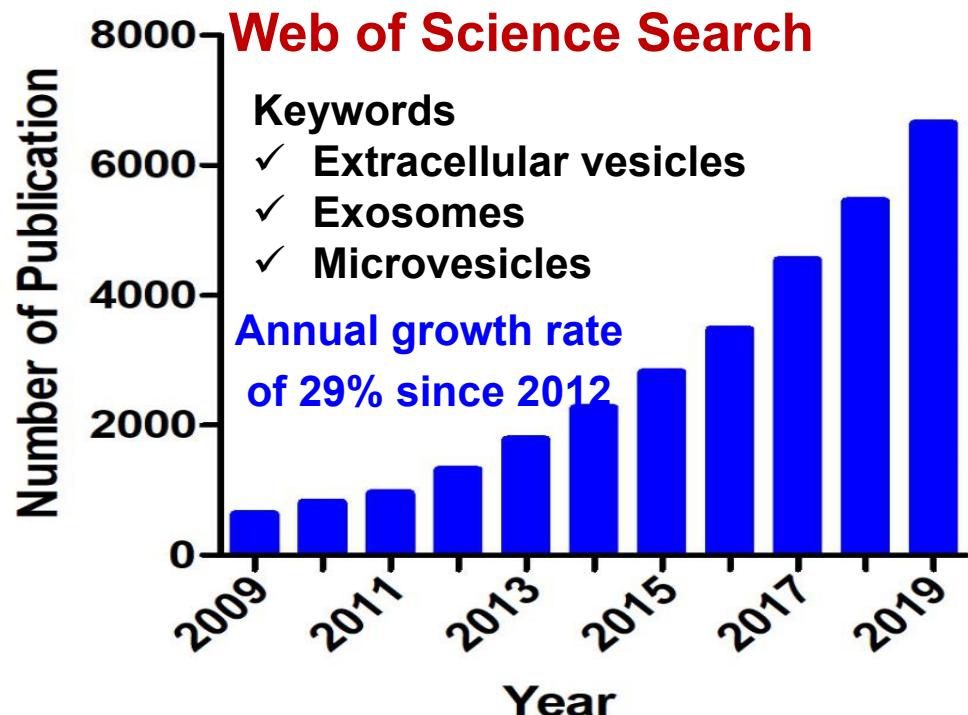


囊泡类型	来源	粒径 (nm)
Exosomes (外泌体)	核内体融合细胞膜	30~150
Microvesicles (微囊泡)	细胞膜直接释放	100~1000
Apoptotics Bodies (凋亡小体)	细胞膜、内质网	>1000

外泌体/细胞外囊泡研究现状



For their discoveries of machinery regulating vesicle traffic, a major transport system in our cells.



- ◆ 疾病诊断 Diagnosis
- ◆ 药物传递 Drug delivery
- ◆ 治疗靶标 Thera Targets
- ◆ 治疗制剂 Thera Agents

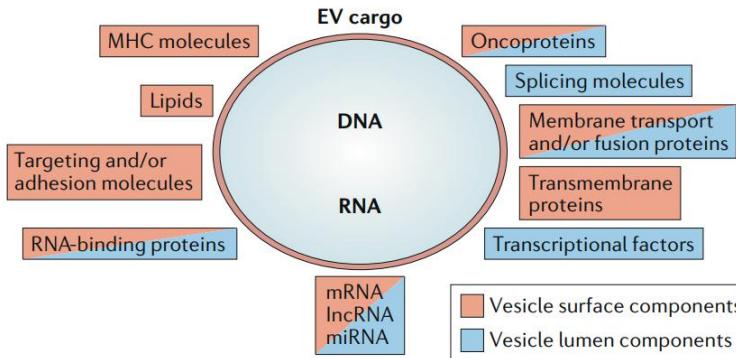
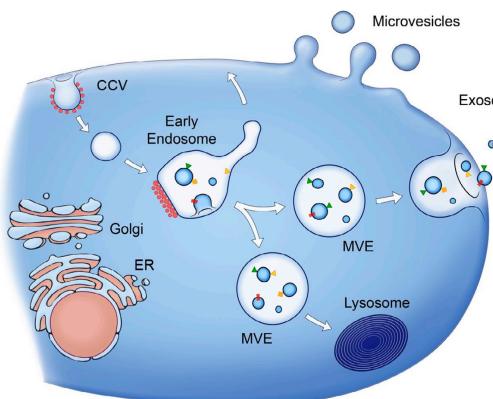
Nat. Rev. Drug Discov. 2013, 12, 348-358..

Nat. Biotechnol. 2014, 32, 441-422.

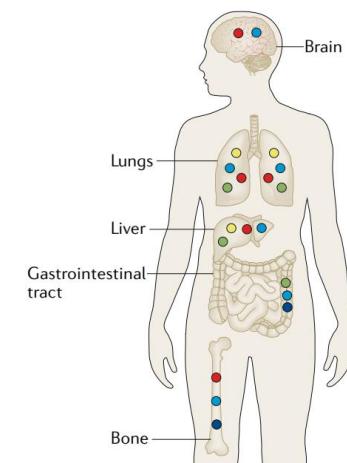
Nature 2015, 523,177-182. *Nature*, 2017, 546, 498-503.

癌症早期诊断的新标签

EV cargo



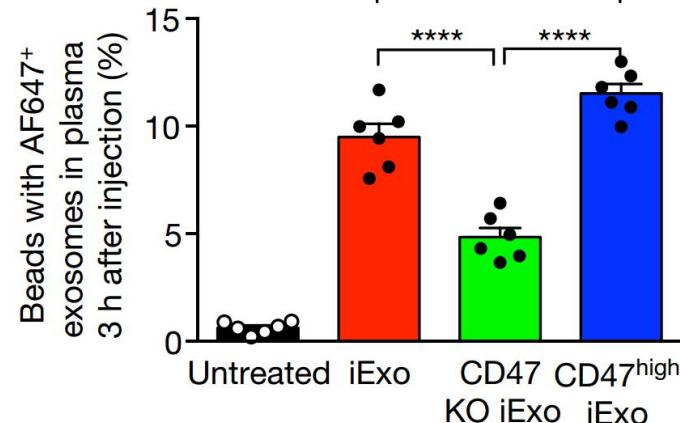
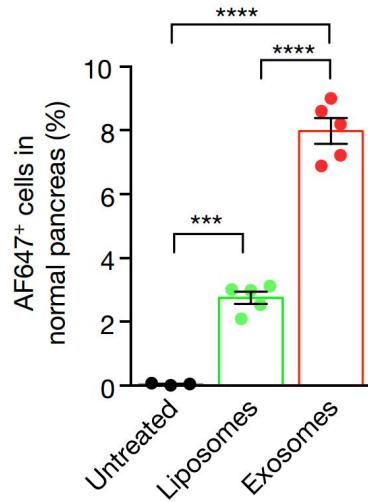
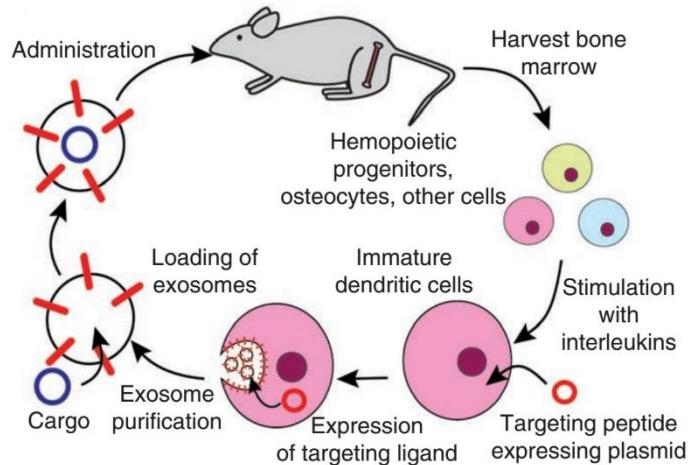
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	癌症类型	癌症标志物
DNA	Pancreatic cancer; NSCLC	KRAS ^{G12D} and TP53 ^{R273H} DNA; EGFR ^{T790M} mutant DNA
RNA	Prostate cancer; Lung cancer; Pancreaticobiliary cancer	Multiple RNAs; AR-V7 mRNA; Neoantigen transcripts and/or fusion genes
蛋白质	PDAC; Glioblastoma; Ovarian cancer	GPC1; MIF; EGFR; CD24; EpCAM
磷脂	Prostate cancer	Phosphatidylserine 18:1/18:1; lactosylceramide (d18:1/16:0); Phosphatidylserine 18:0-18:2

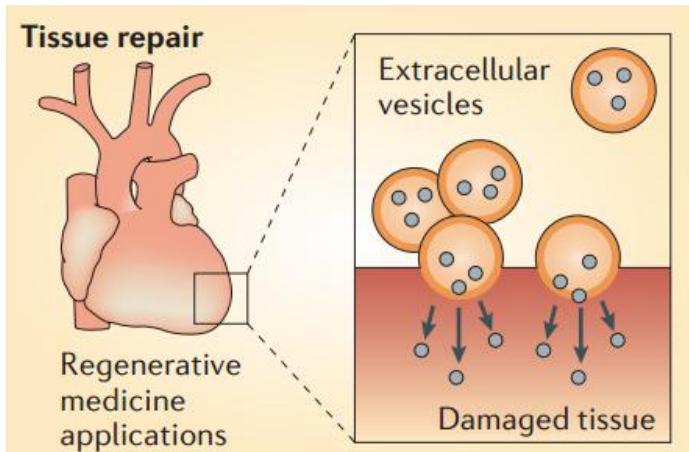
其他生物功能及应用

新型纳米药物载体：无免疫原性、循环时间长、可靶向特定器官.....

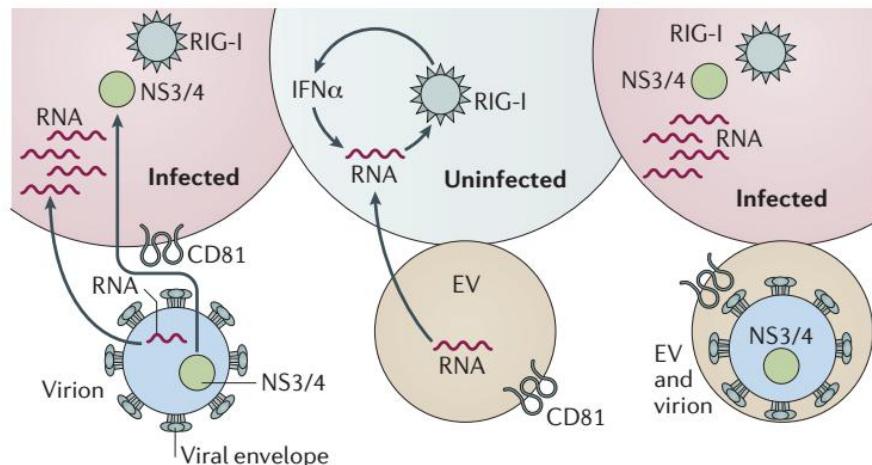


Nat. Biotechnol. 2011, 29, 341-345. *Nature*, 2017, 546, 498-503.

治疗制剂



协助病毒感染

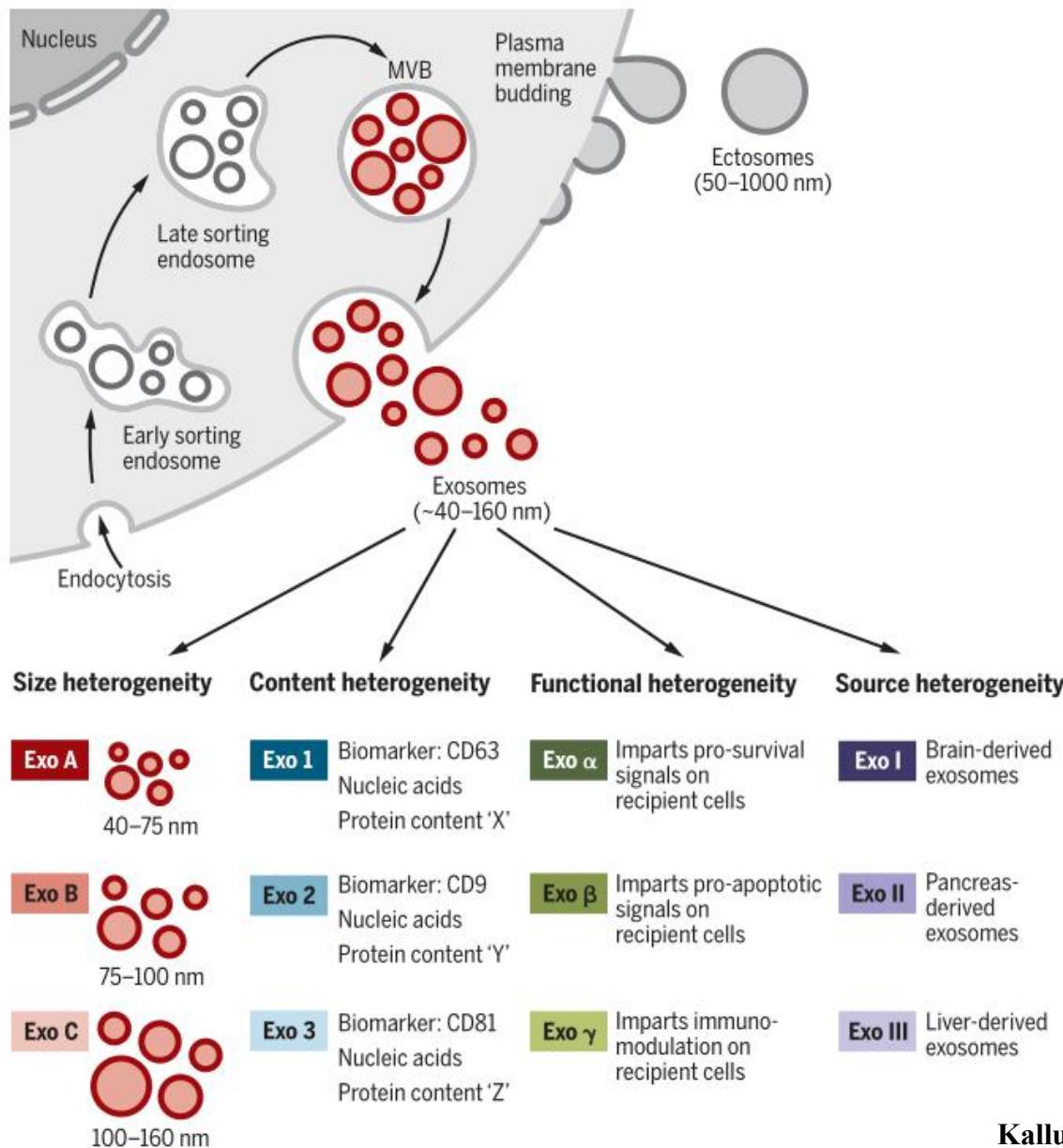


Nat. Rev. Drug Discov. 2013, 12, 348-358.

Nat. Rev. Microbiol. 2017, doi:10.1038/nrmicro.2017.60.

科学难题：EVs异质性大，亟须单颗粒表征技术

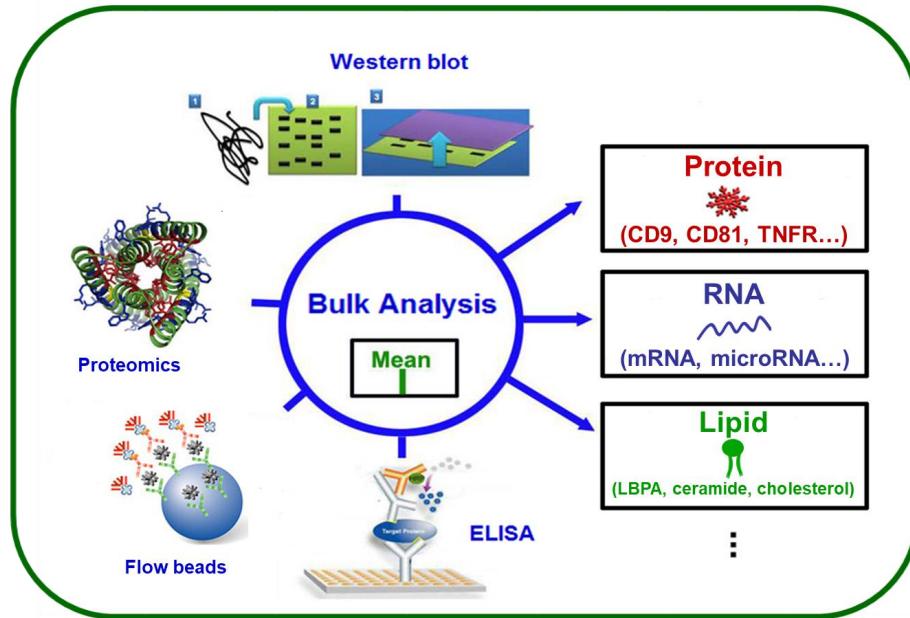
NanoFCM



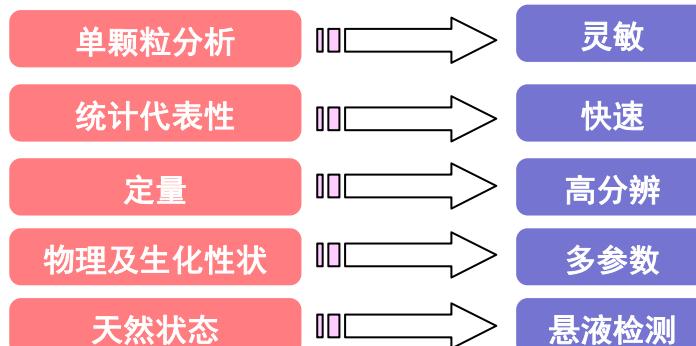
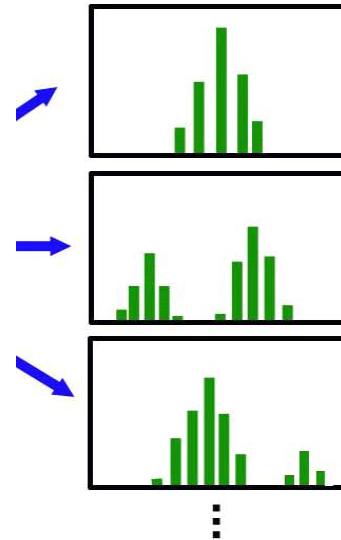
- 由于缺乏有效的表征技术，人们对于EVs自身组成、结构和功能的了解仍然十分肤浅
- EVs在粒径、膜蛋白及内含物等方面存在高度的个体差异性和多样性

科学难题：EVs异质性大，亟须单颗粒表征技术

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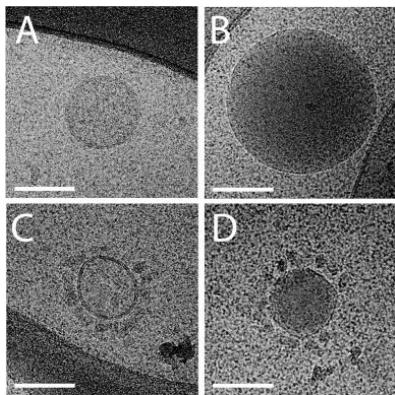
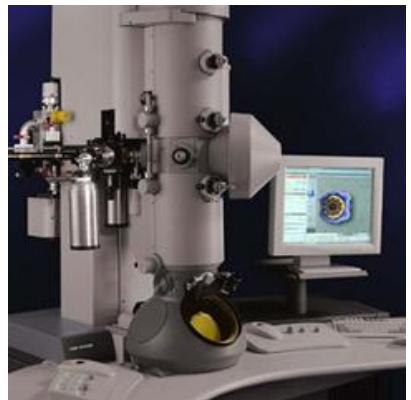
同一个平均值有n种可能的分布组合



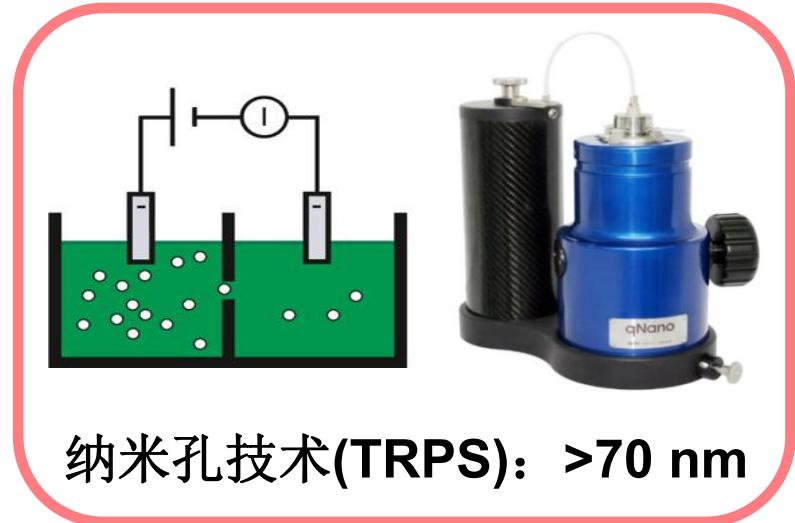
面临挑战

- 个体极其微小 ($<100 \text{ nm}$)
- 折射率低
- “货物分子”含量极少

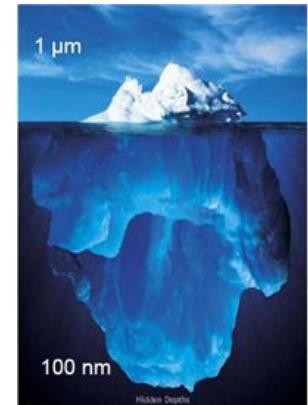
单个细胞外囊泡表征方法



冷冻透射电镜 (Cryo-TEM)



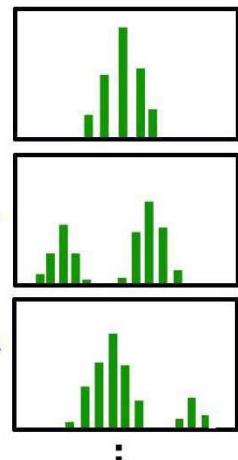
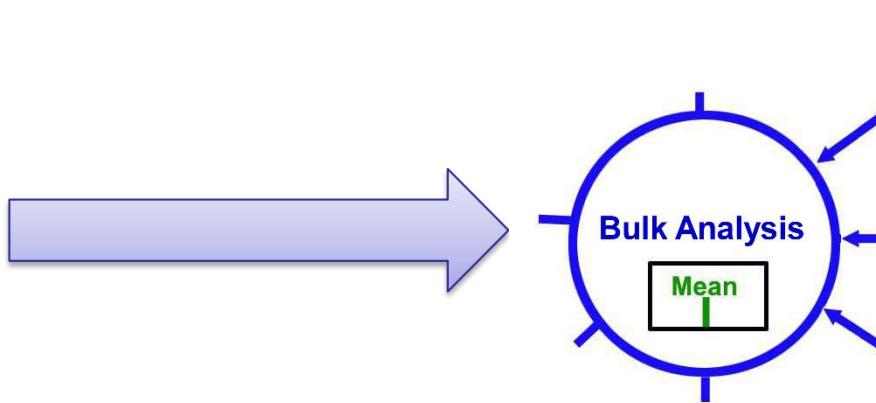
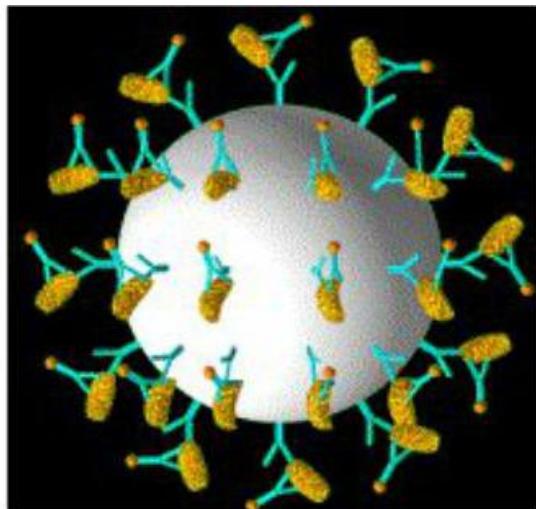
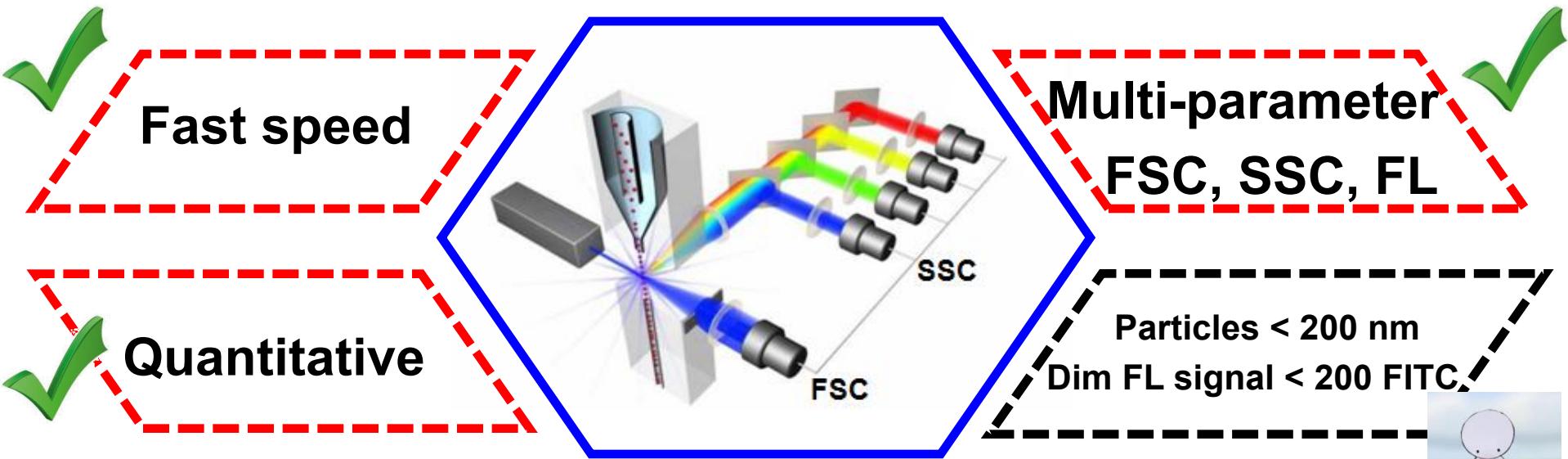
纳米颗粒追踪技术(NTA): >70 nm



流式细胞术: >300-600 nm

传统流式对细胞外囊泡的分析

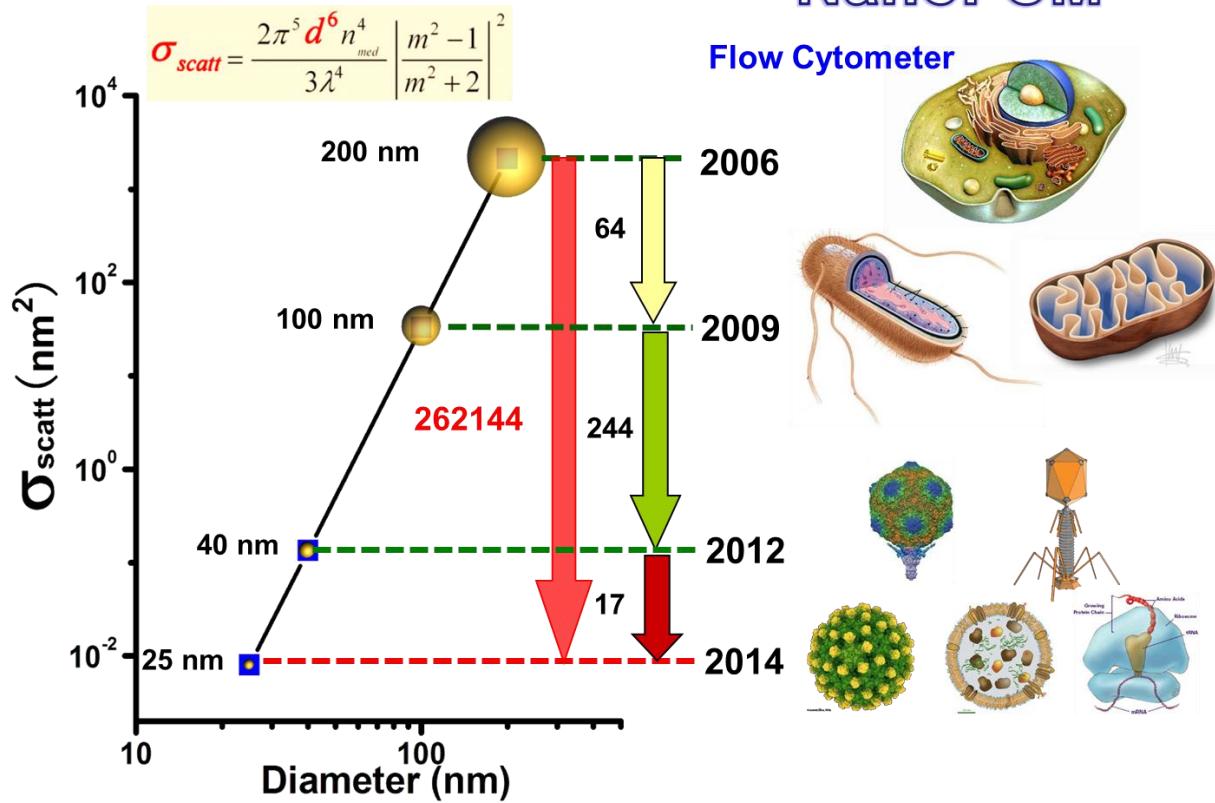
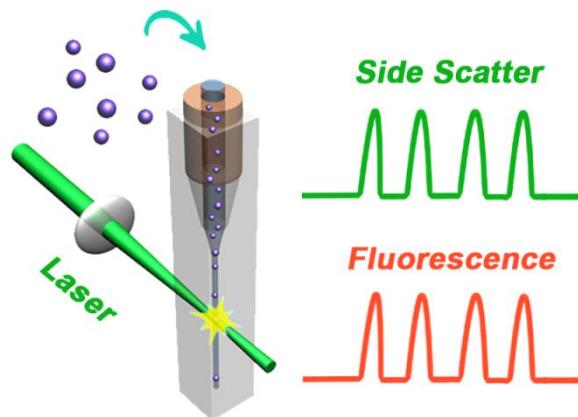
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纳米流式检测技术

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瑞利散射
&
鞘流单分子荧光检测



SSC detection limit: 24 nm in diameter for SiNPs
7 nm in diameter for AuNPs
FL detection limit: 3 MESF of Alexa Fluor 555
Event rate: 10,000 particles/min

Flow NanoAnalyzer —— N30E

NanoFCM



侧向散射灵敏度	< 30 nm silica NPs
侧向散射分辨率	40/50 nm silica NPs
荧光灵敏度	FITC < 10 MESF
荧光分辨率	42/133 MESF
粒径范围	7-1000 nm
样品通量	10000 events/min

- ✓ 前所未有的检测灵敏度：24 nm颗粒的散射光信号，单个藻红蛋白的荧光检测
- ✓ 世界首台纳米颗粒（<100 nm）多参数定量表征流式设备
- ✓ 粒径表征分辨率媲美（冷冻）透射电镜
- ✓ 检测范围覆盖外泌体完整粒径（30-200 nm）的唯一商品化流式检测仪

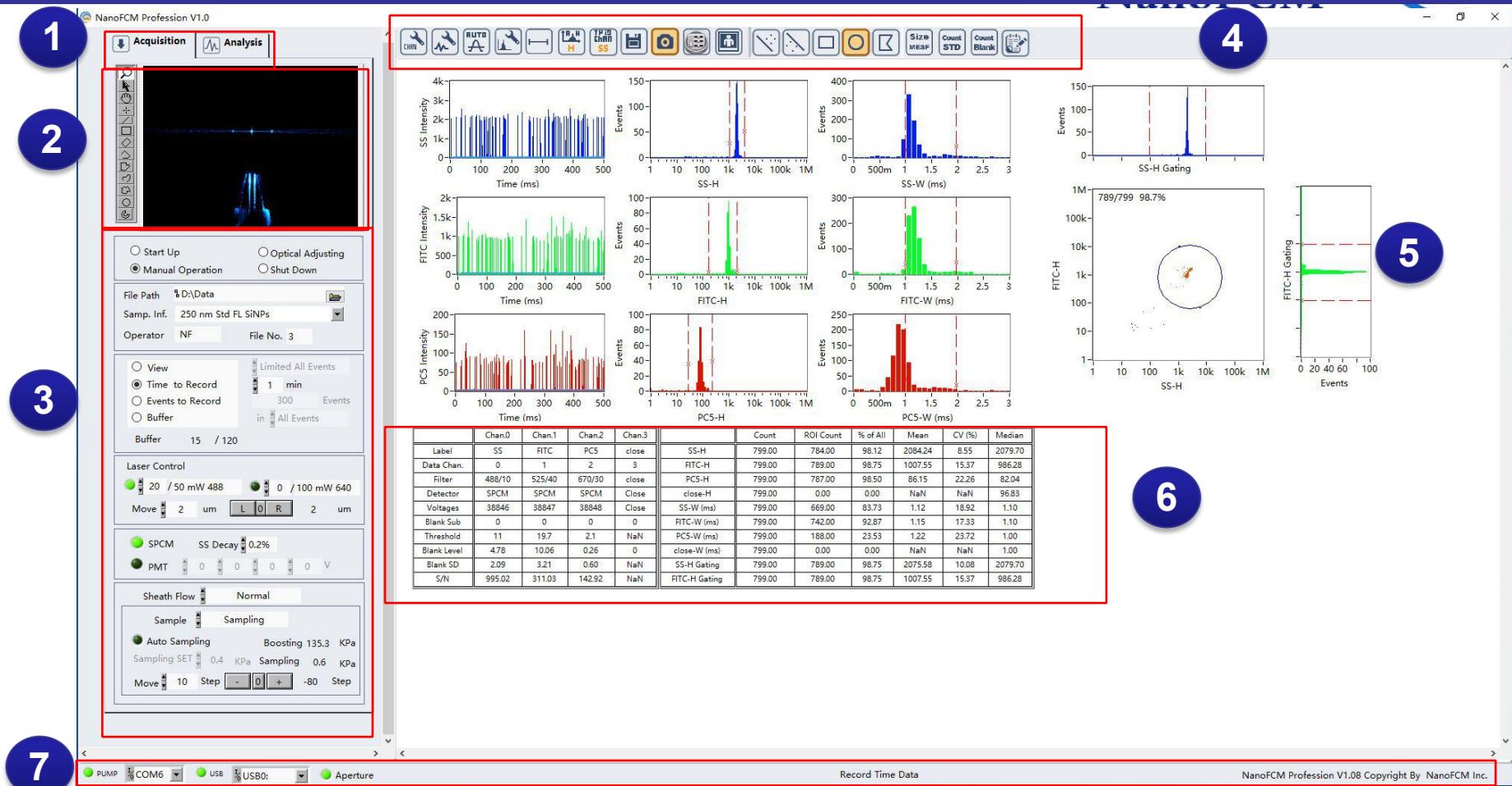
国际首创，填补了国际空白

光学配置

NanoFCM

Type	Laser	Dichroic Beam Splitter	Filter	Dye
N30E	488 nm	DicF495	525/40(FITC)	FITC, GFP, AlexaFluorTM 488, Atto 488, CFSE, Calcein, Rhodamine 123, Fluo-3, SYTO 9, PicoGreen, RiboGreen, SYBR Green I, SYBR Green II, SYTOX Green, YOYO-1, YOPRO-1, DiO, SYTO RNASelect Green, PKH 67, Qdot 525, SYTO Green fl stain (11-14, 16, 21, 24)
		DicF555	580/40(PE)	PE, PI, Alexa Fluor 546, SNARF (low pH)
		Optional	670/30 (PC5)	PerCP, PE-Cy5, Alexa Fluor 647-R-PE, SYTO 62, 7-AAD, SNARF (high pH)
		Optional	710/40(PC5.5)	PerCP-Cy5.5, PE-Cy5.5, PE-Alexa Fluor 680
	528 nm	DicF555	580/40(PE)	PE, AlexaFluorTM 555, SYTO 82, SYTOX Orange, POPO-3, Dil, OFP, RBITC, Cy3, Cy3.5, SYPRO Orange, SYTO Orange fl stain (80-85)
		DicF650	670/30 (PC5)	PerCP, PE-Cy5, APC, PI, PE-AlexaFluorTM 647, SYPRO Red
		Optional	710/40(PC5.5)	PerCP-Cy5.5, PE-Cy5.5, APC-Cy7, APC-H7, APC- eFluorTM 780
U30	488 nm & 638 nm	DicF495	525/40(FITC)	FITC, GFP, AlexaFluorTM 488, Atto 488, CFSE, Calcein, Rhodamine 123, Fluo-3, SYTO 9, PicoGreen, RiboGreen, SYBR Green I, SYBR Green II, SYTOX Green, YOYO-1, YOPRO-1, DiO, SYTO RNASelect Green, PKH 67, Qdot 525, SYTO Green fl stain (11-14, 16, 21, 24)
		DicF555	670/30 (PC5)	Cy5, APC, Thia dicarbocyanine, TOTO®-3, TO-PRO®-3, Alexa Fluor 633™, Alexa Fluor 647™
		Optional	580/40(PE)	PE, PI, Alexa Fluor 546, SNARF (low pH)
		Optional	710/40(PC5.5)	APC-R700, Alexa Fluor 660™, Alexa Fluor 680™, Alexa Fluor 647™, Alexa Fluor 700™
	528 nm & 638 nm	DicF555	580/40(PE)	PE, AlexaFluorTM 555, SYTO 82, SYTOX Orange, POPO-3, Dil, OFP, RBITC, Cy3, Cy3.5, SYPRO Orange, SYTO Orange fl stain (80-85)
		DicF650	670/30 (PC5)	Cy5, APC, Thia dicarbocyanine, TOTO®-3, TO-PRO®-3, Alexa Fluor 633™, Alexa Fluor 647™
		Optional	710/40(PC5.5)	APC-R700, Alexa Fluor 660™, Alexa Fluor 680™, Alexa Fluor 647™, Alexa Fluor 700™

NF Profession 1.0 软件



1. 导航栏
2. 相机窗口
3. 数据采集

4. 工具栏
5. 图形区
6. 统计数据

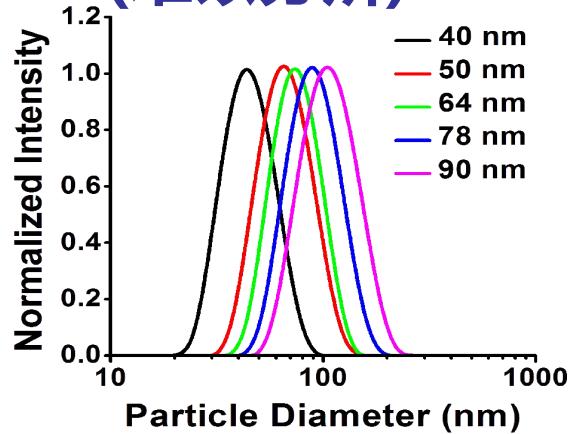
7. 状态栏

Nfa
FCS 3.0.
txt

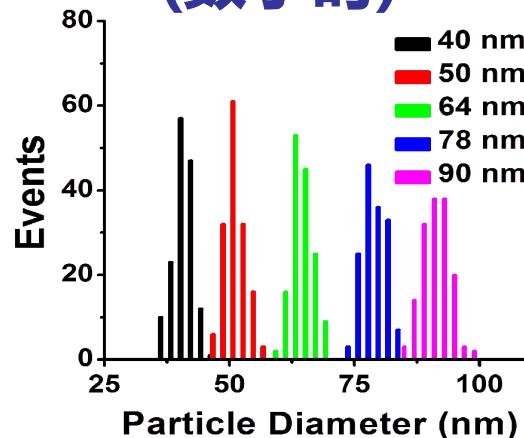
纳米颗粒粒径及其分布的高分辨表征

NanoFCM

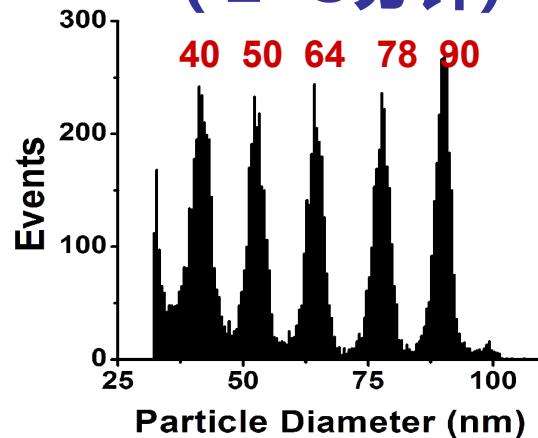
动态光散射 (难以分辨)



透射电镜 (数小时)



纳米流式 (2~3分钟)

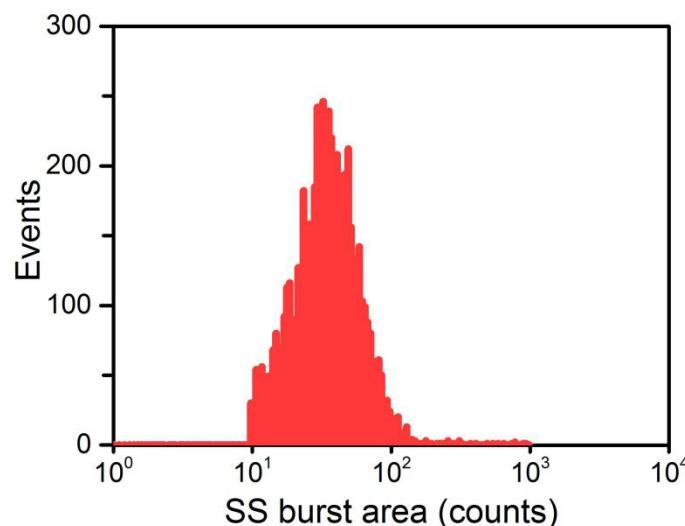
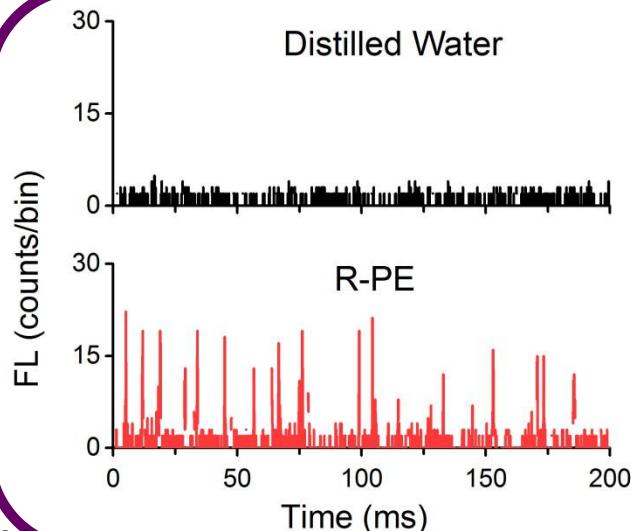
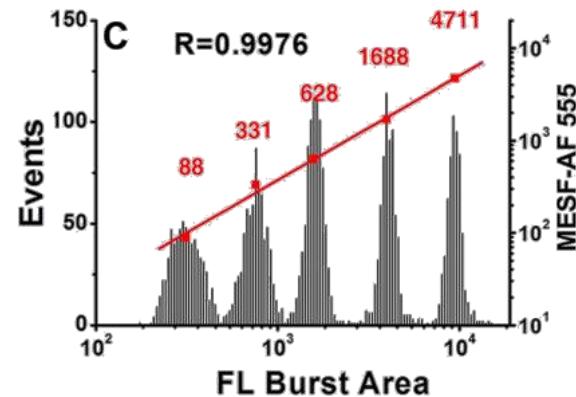
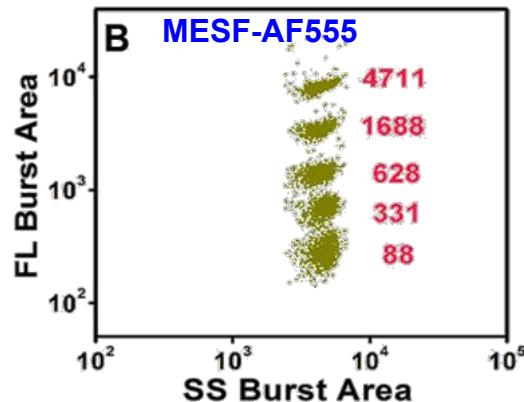
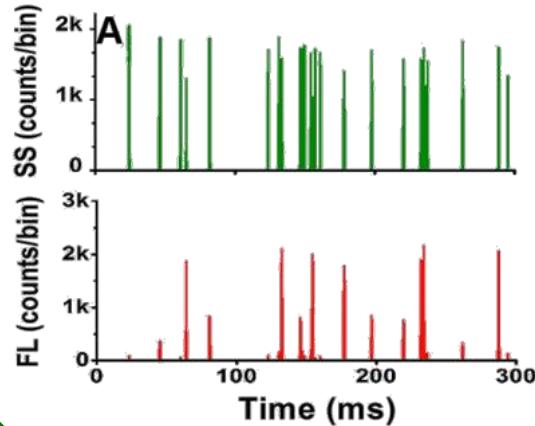


- 2~3分钟 vs 数小时
- 统计代表性
- 尤其适用于多分散或者混合样本的表征，如病毒疫苗的质量控制、蛋白或抗体药物的纯度及稳定性测定等。

荧光检测的分辨率及灵敏度

NanoFCM

Laboratory-synthesized and calibrated RBITC-doped fluorescent silica NPs (212 nm)



单个藻红蛋白
检测限:
3 AF555 molecules

□ 外泌体的研究背景及纳米流式检测仪概述

□ 纳米流式检测仪对外泌体的单颗粒表征

- 粒径、浓度
- 生化性能 (蛋白、核酸、磷脂)

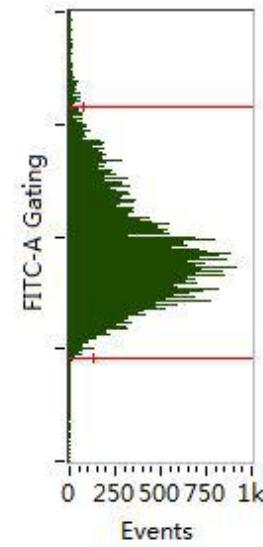
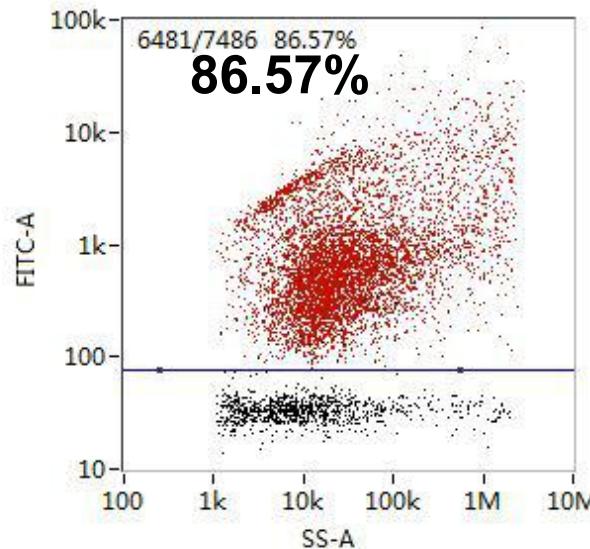
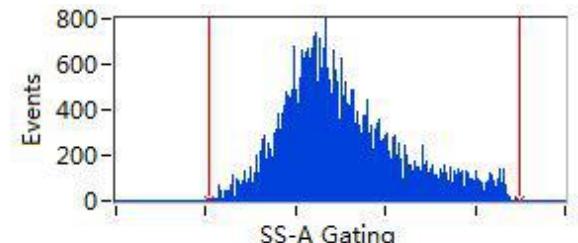
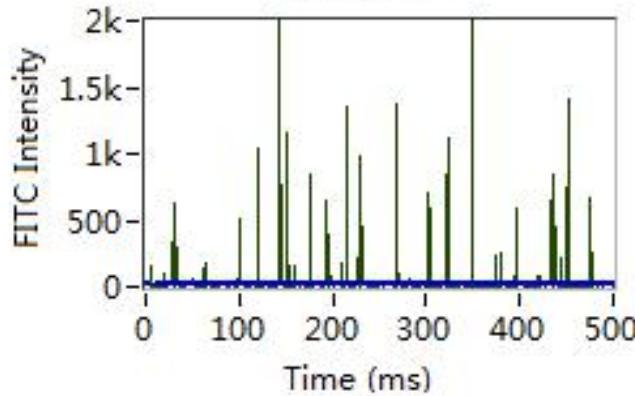
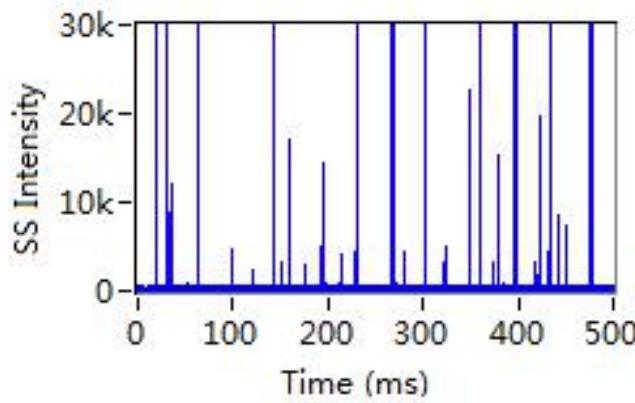
□ 应用案例

- 蛋白绝对定量
- 癌症诊断、调控追踪
- 抗体筛选、蛋白标记等

CD63-GFP融合表达的EVs

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实时的原始数据

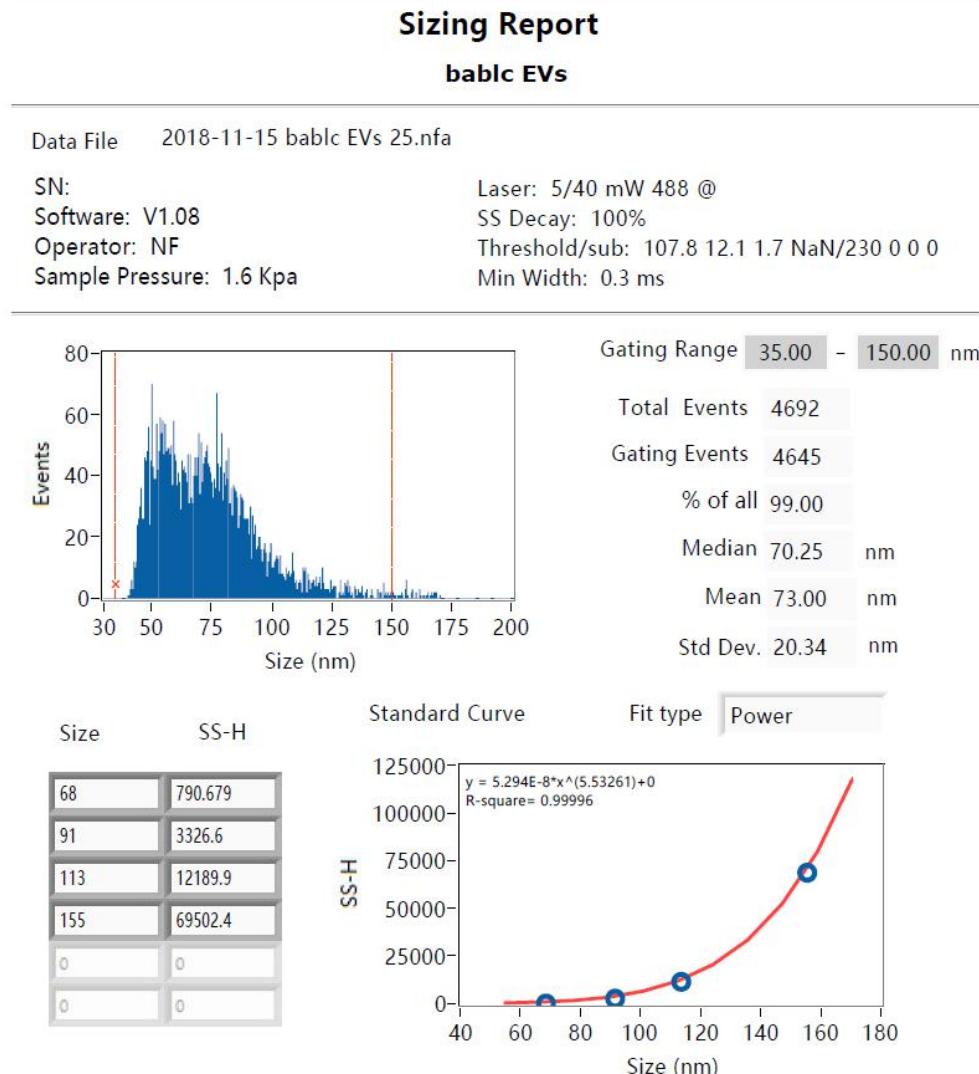


Intrinsic Fluorescence 体内、体外示踪

粒径表征

NanoFCM

可直接获取测试报告：



可以获取什么信息？

Median值

Mean值

标准方差

门内颗粒数

总颗粒数

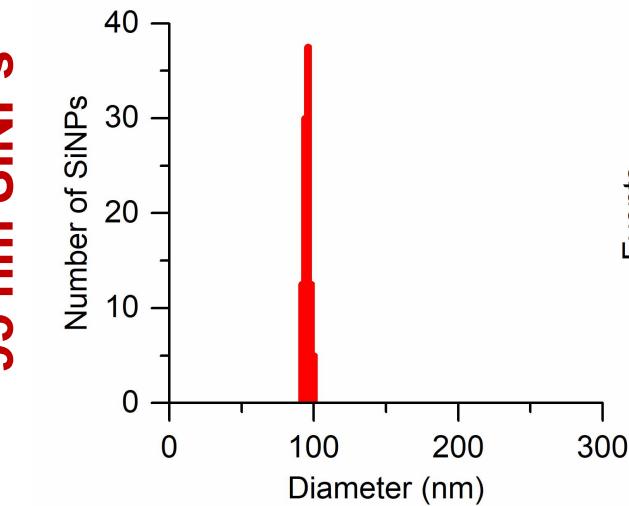
门内颗粒的比例

校正曲线

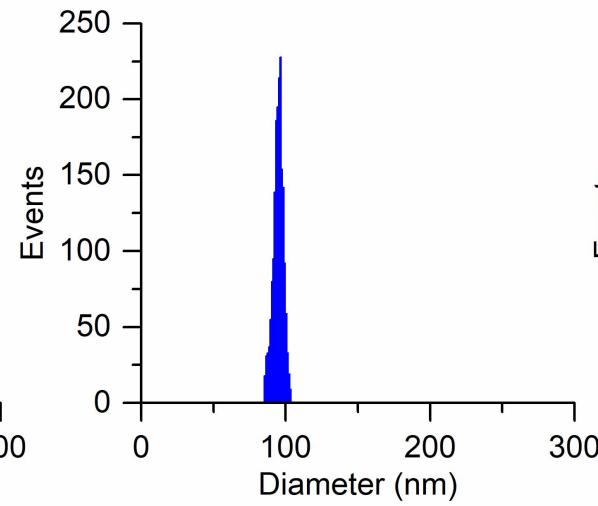
单颗粒和混合物粒径的检测

NanoFCM

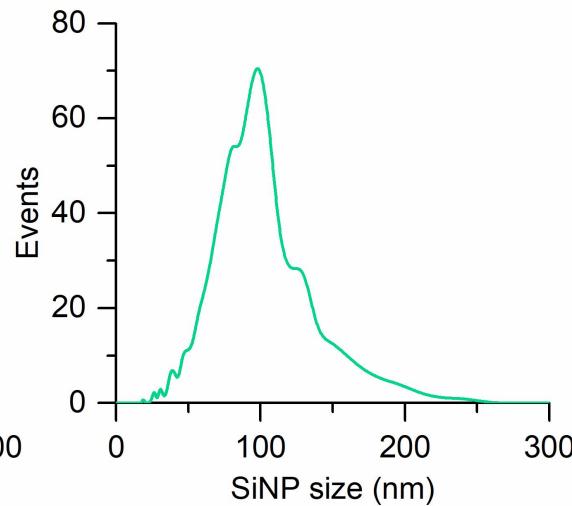
TEM



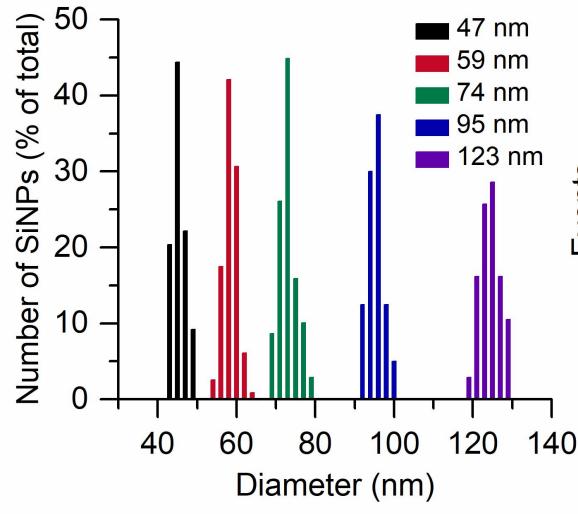
NanoFCM



NTA

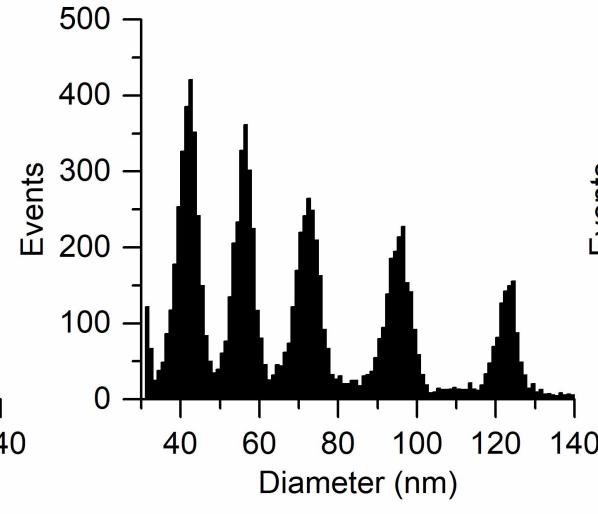


SiNPs Mixture



22

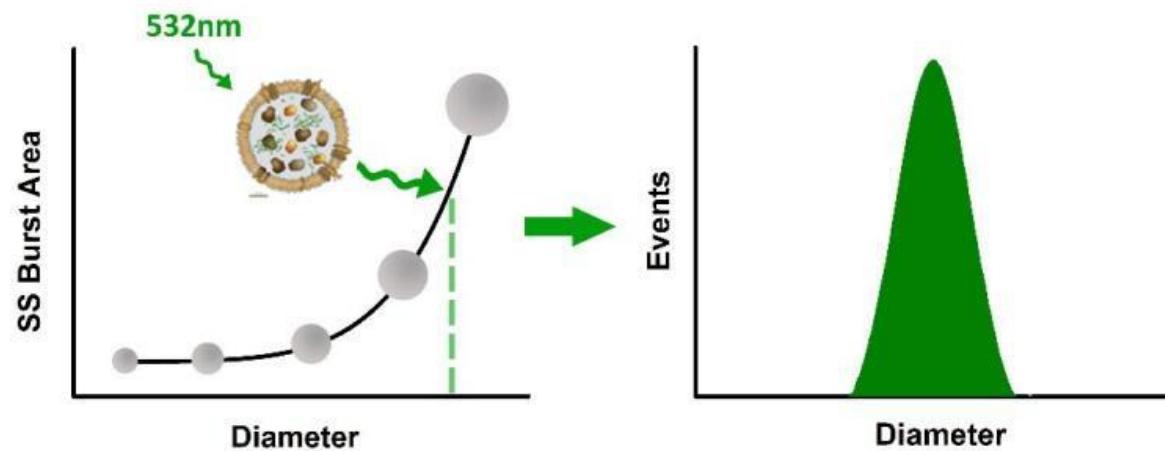
(数小时)



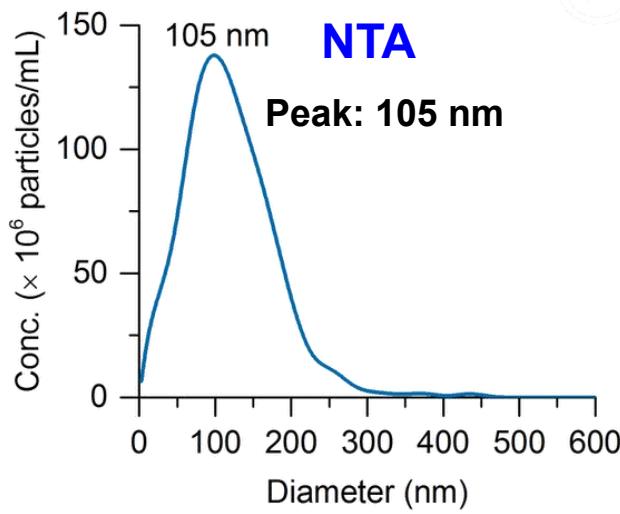
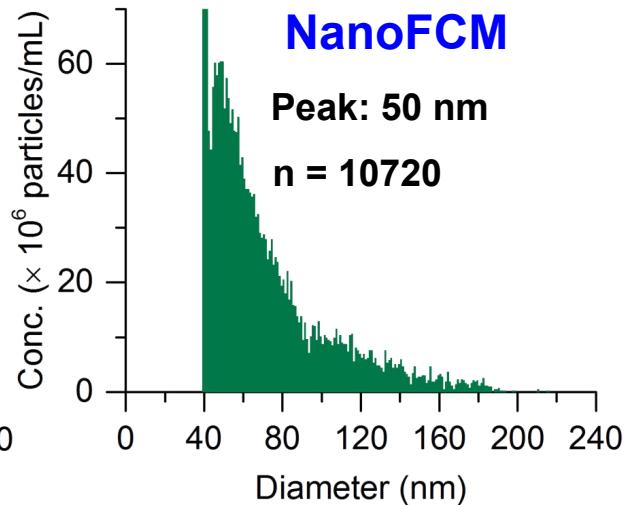
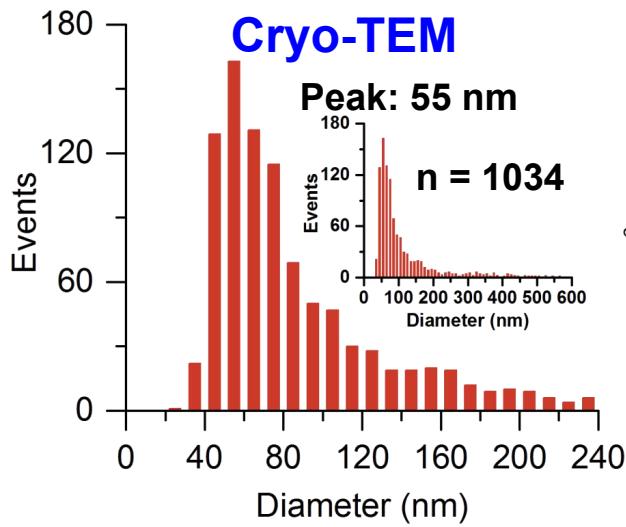
(2~3分钟)

HCT15 EVs 粒径分布

NanoFCM

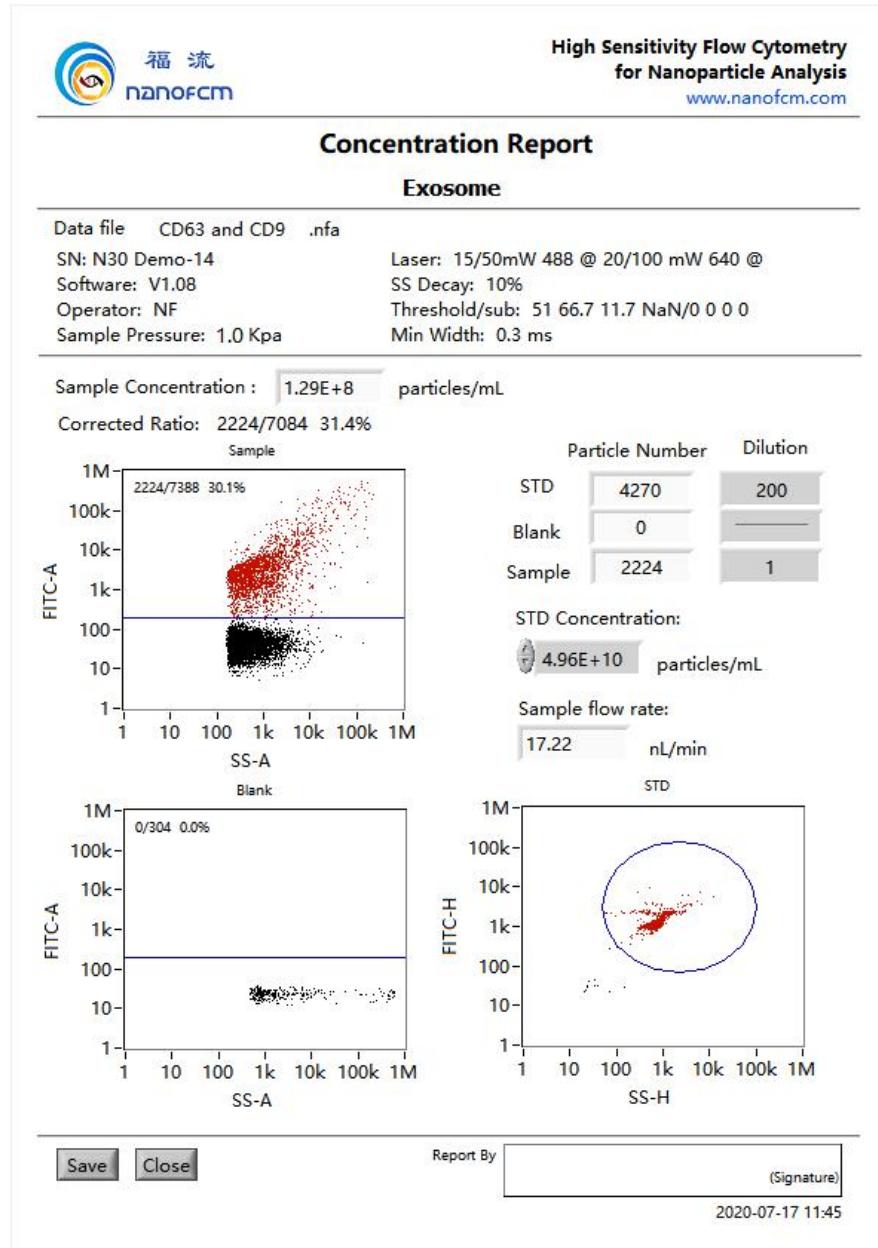


EVs



样品颗粒浓度测定

NanoFCM



可以获取什么信息?

颗粒数量

颗粒浓度

阳性颗粒数

阳性颗粒浓度

阳性率 (校正后)

空白的颗粒数

浓度标准品

粒径和功能的关系

样品颗粒浓度和粒径分布

NanoFCM

Size & Concentration Report

babc EVs-FITC

Data File 2018-11-15 babc EVs-FITC 25.nfa

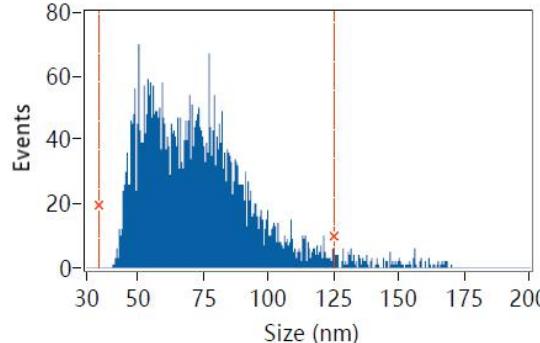
SN:
Software: V1.08
Operator: NF
Sample Pressure: 1.6 Kpa

Laser: 5/40 mW 488 @
SS Decay: 100%
Threshold/sub: 107.8 12.1 1.7 NaN/230 0 0 0
Min Width: 0.3 ms

Size Information

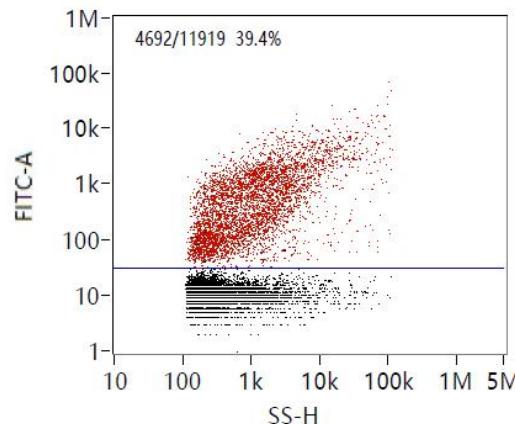
Gating Range 35.00 - 125.00 nm

Total Events 4692
Gating Events 4543
% of all 96.82
Median 69.75 nm
Mean 71.58 nm
Std Dev. 18.17 nm



Concentration Information

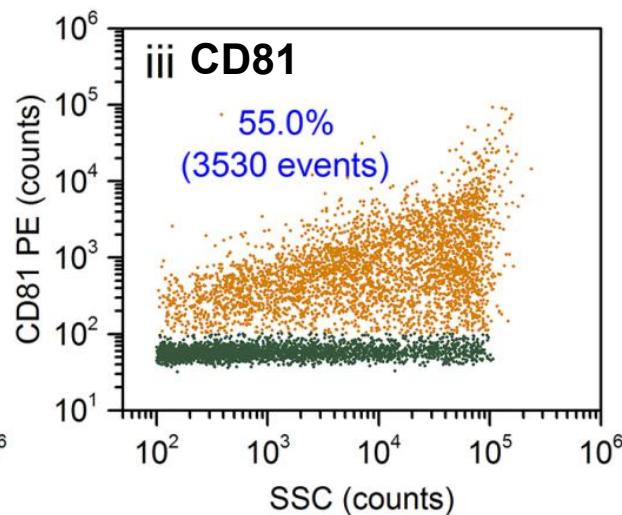
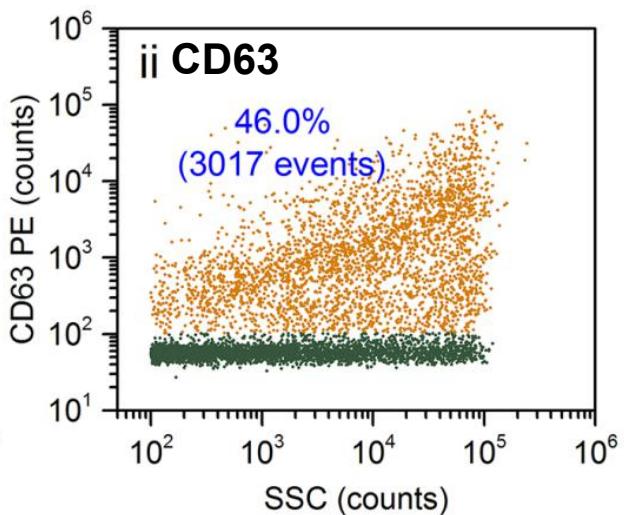
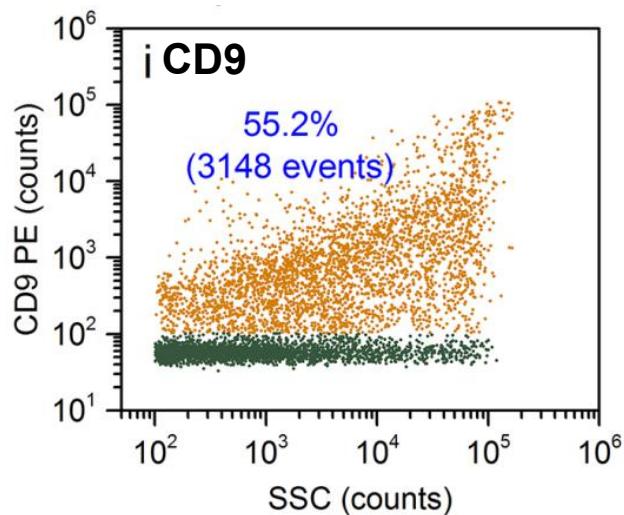
	Particle Number	Dilution Factor
STD	2421	400
Blank	0	—
Sample	4692	40
STD Concentration	4.40E+10	Particles/mL
Sample Flow Rate	22.01	nL/min
Sample Concentration	8.53E+9	Particles/mL
Corrected Ratio:	4692/11615	40.4%



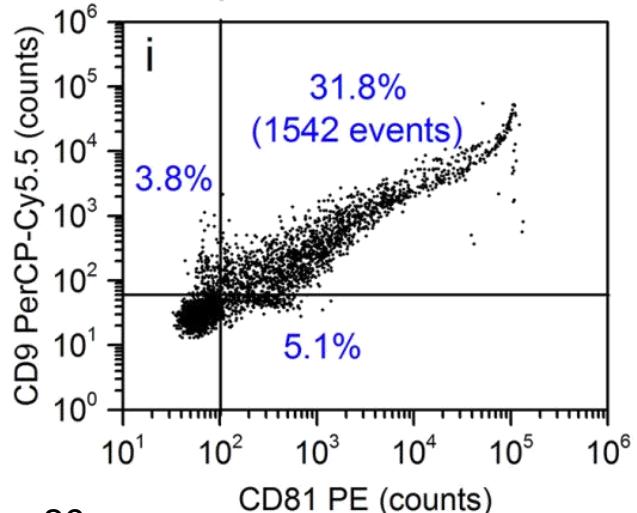
传统标志物的免疫荧光分析

NanoFCM

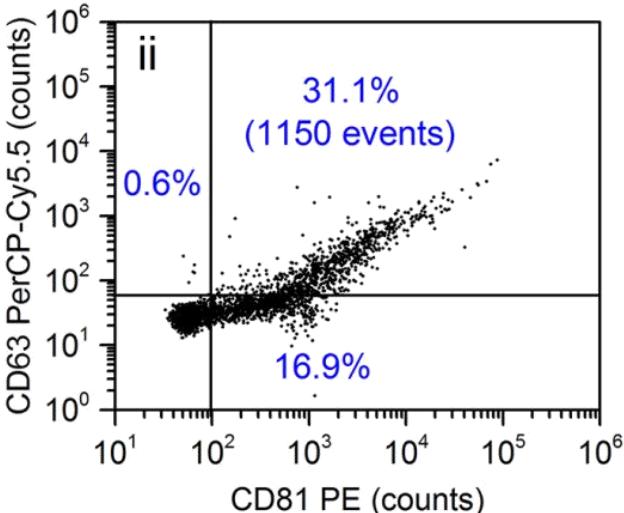
Extrinsic Fluorescence



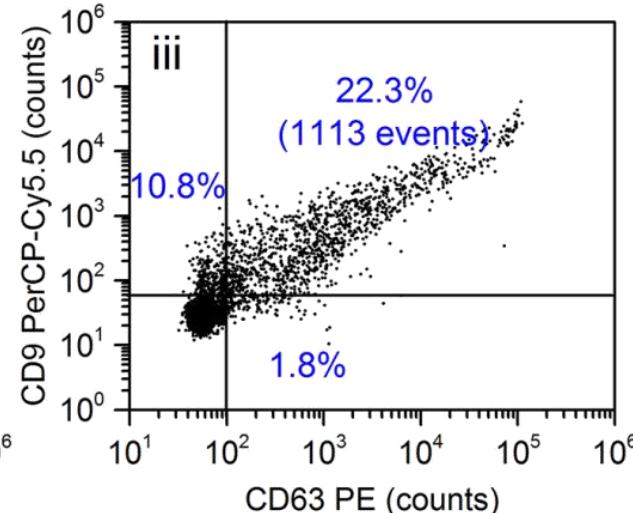
CD81 and CD9



CD81 and CD63



CD63 and CD9



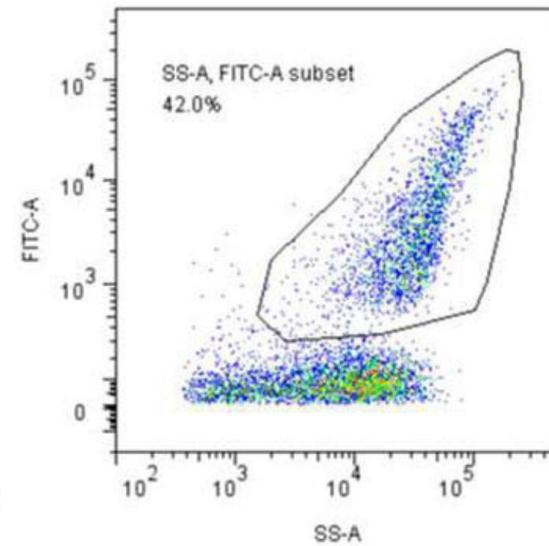
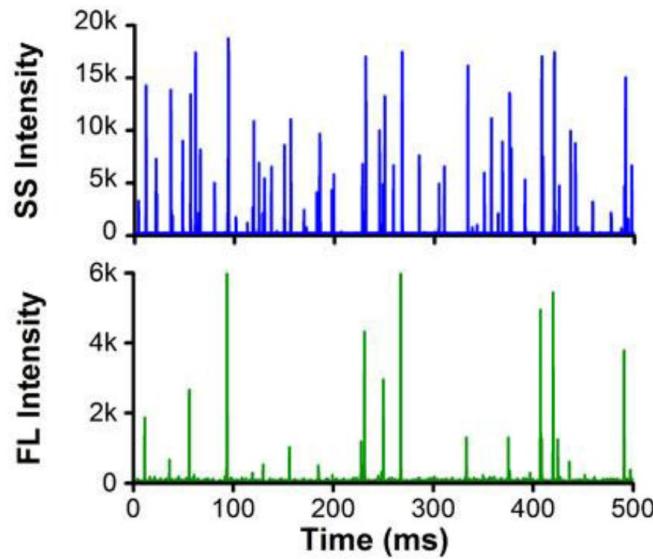
RNA和磷脂的多参数表征

NanoFCM

RNA

SYTO RNASelect

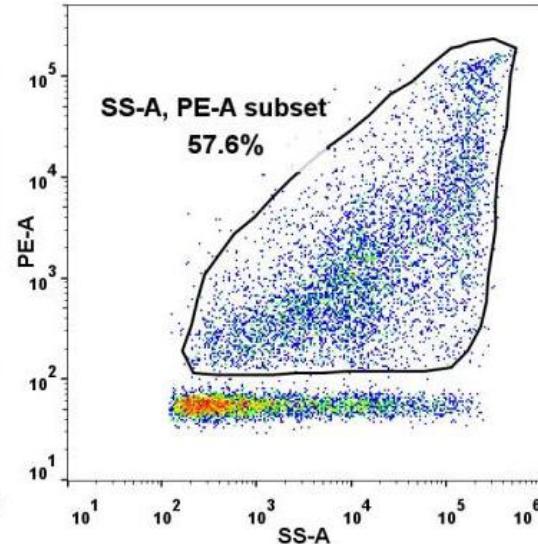
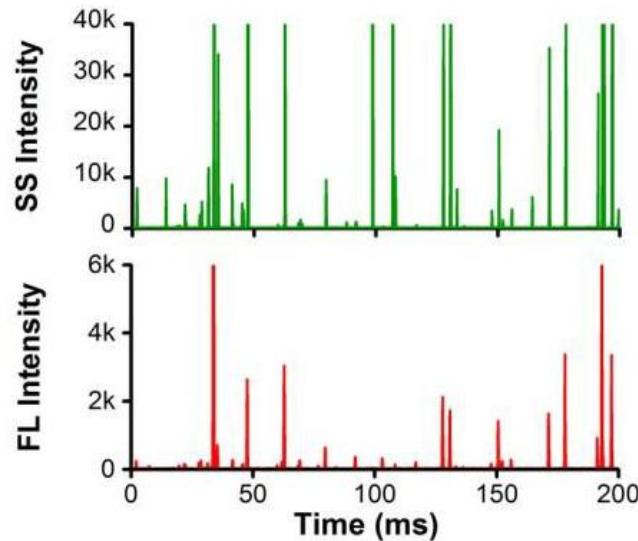
10 μ M

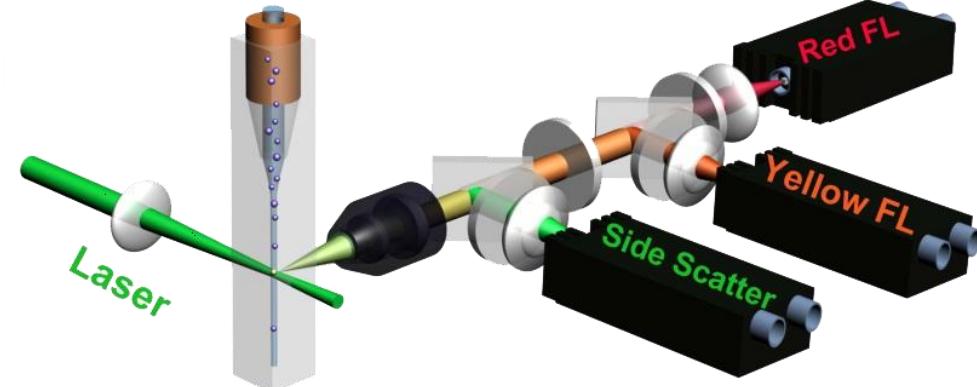
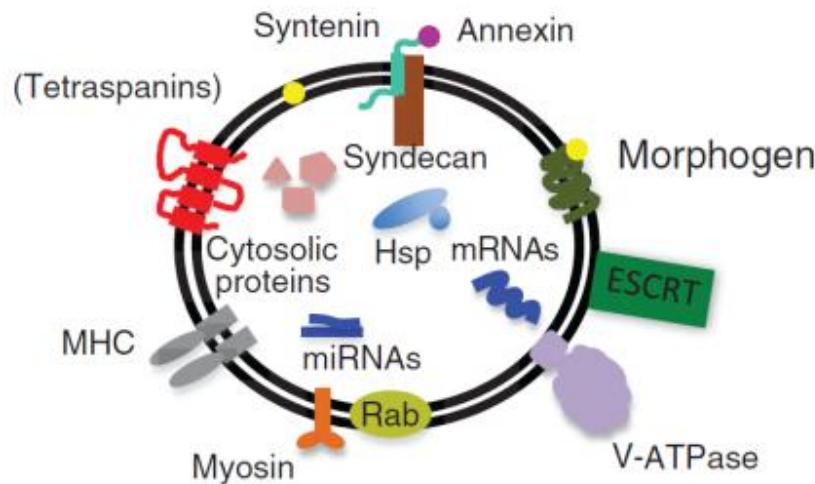


LIPID

PKH26

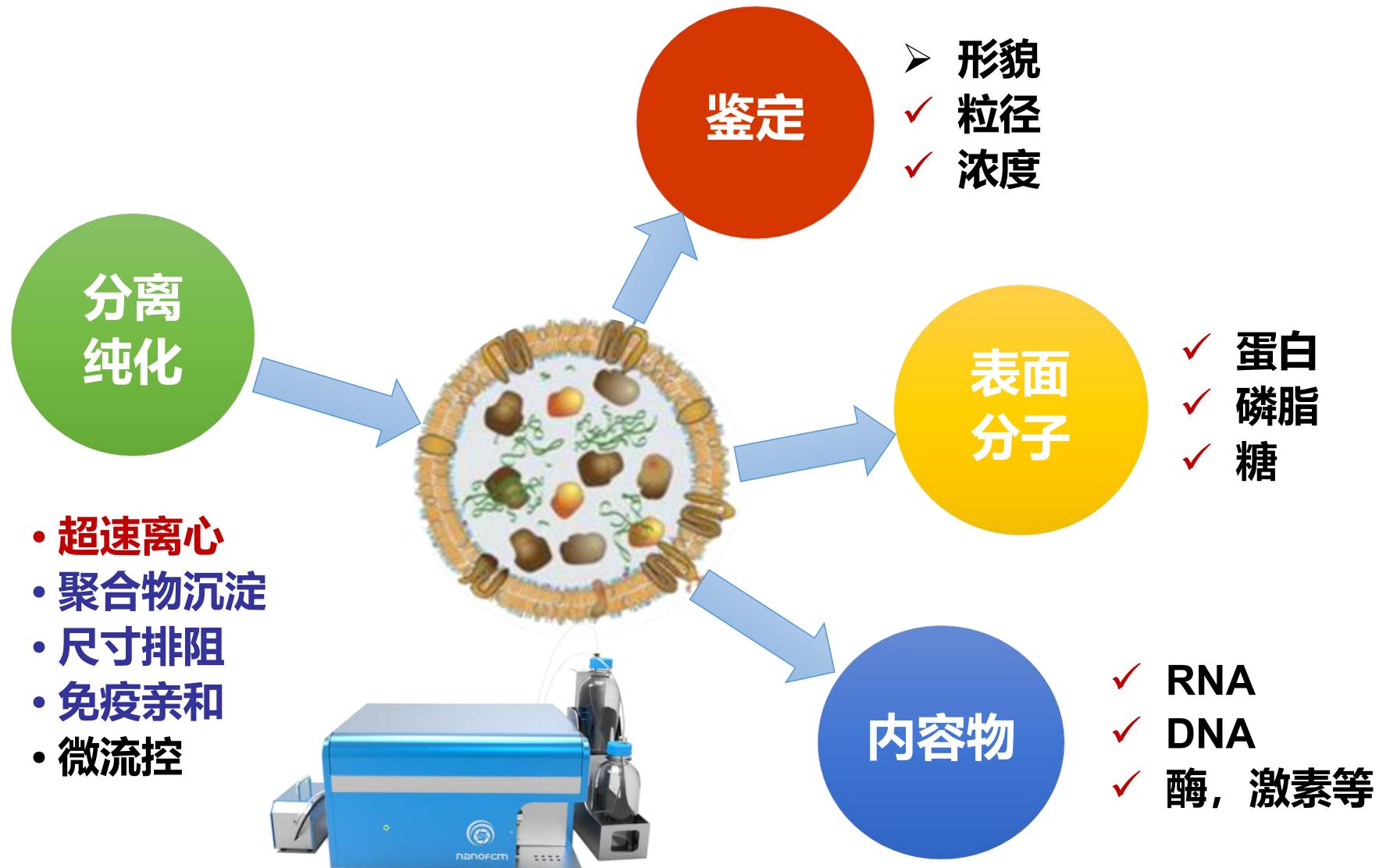
2.5 μ M





参数	荧光探针	应用
粒径	无需标记	准确、高分辨、高度统计代表性地测定外泌体的粒径及其分布
颗粒浓度	无需标记	测定某种环境中外泌体的浓度
脂质	膜染料染色	区分外泌体与其他无膜结构的颗粒
膜蛋白	免疫荧光标记/融合FP	确定外泌体的来源及生化性质
RNA	核酸染料标记	单个外泌体中RNA的定量分析

细胞外囊泡研究的流程



□ 外泌体的研究背景及纳米流式检测仪概述

□ 纳米流式检测仪对外泌体的单颗粒表征

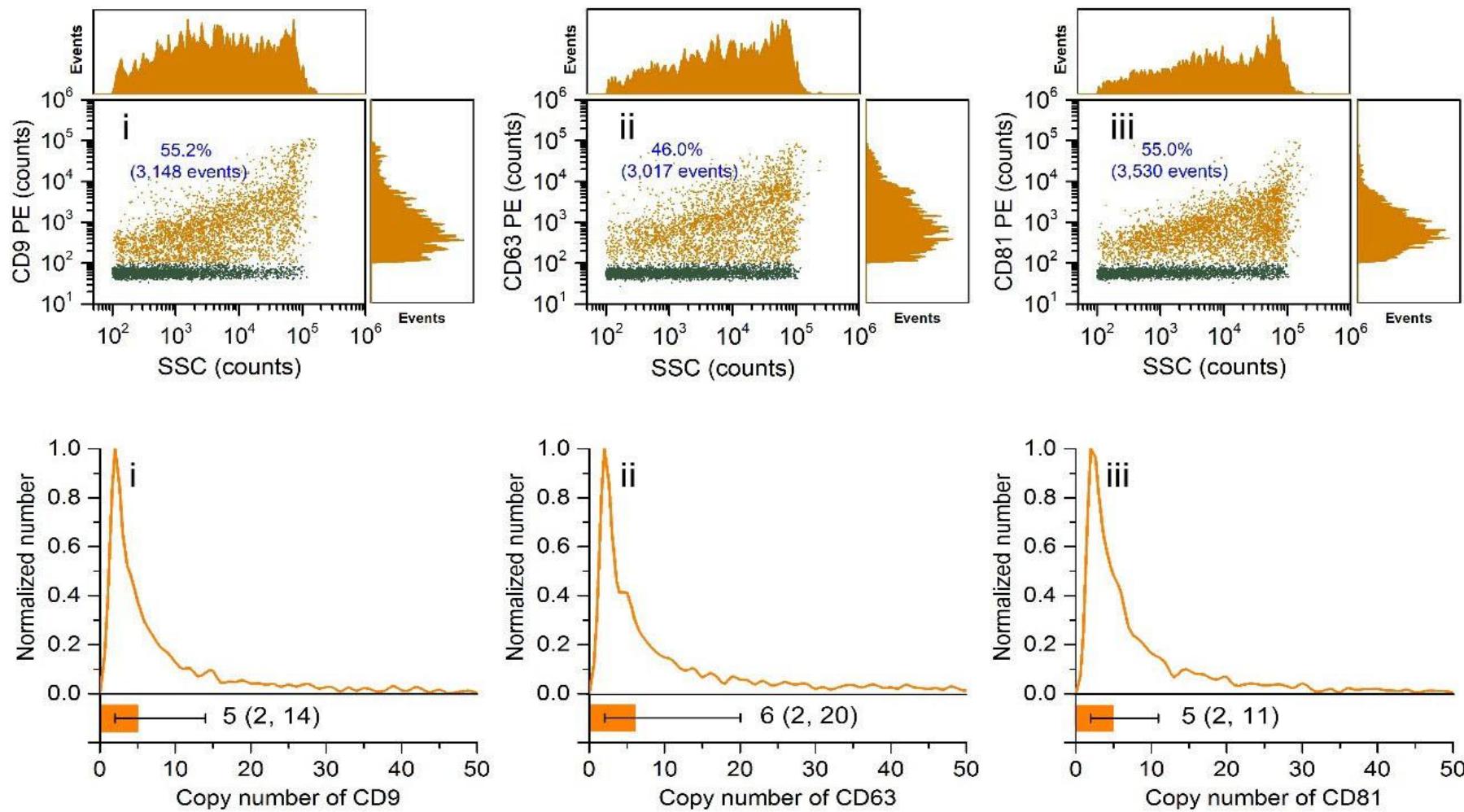
- 粒径、浓度
- 生化性能（蛋白、核酸、磷脂）

□ 应用案例

- 蛋白绝对定量
- 癌症诊断、调控追踪
- 抗体筛选、蛋白标记等

蛋白拷贝数绝对定量

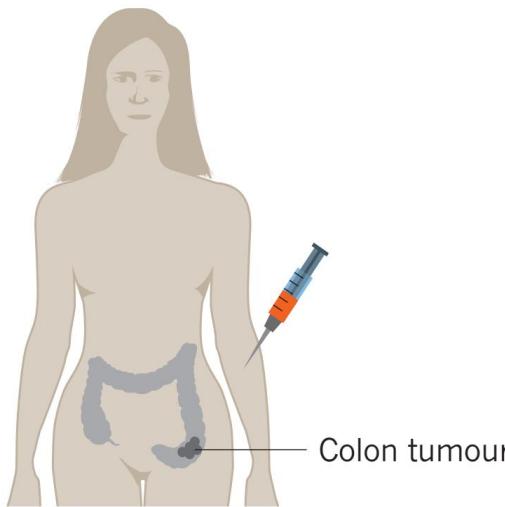
NanoFCM



结直肠癌的早期诊断

NanoFCM

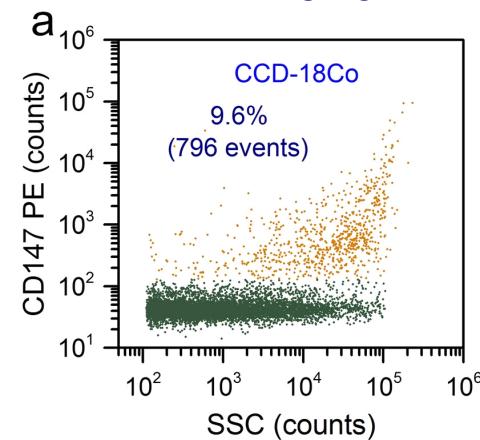
CD147 marker



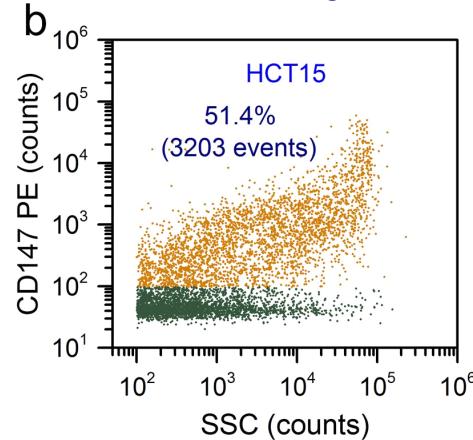
- ◆ Colorectal cancer is the third-most common cancer and accounts for 9.7% of all cancers.
- ◆ In 2013, 771,000 people died as a result of colorectal cancer globally, making the disease the fourth-most common cause of cancer-related death worldwide.

Ernst J. et al. *Nat. Rev. Cancer*, 2015, 1, 1.

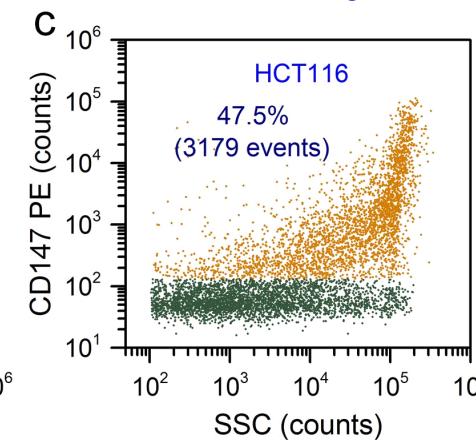
CCD-18Co



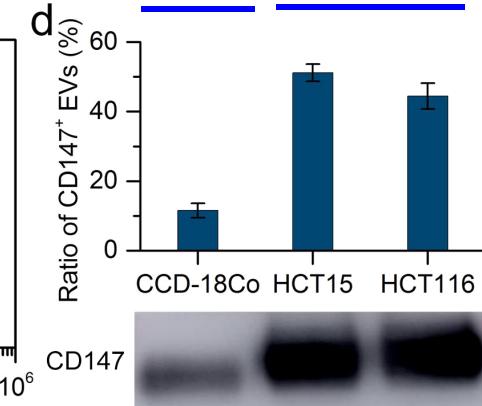
HCT15



HCT116



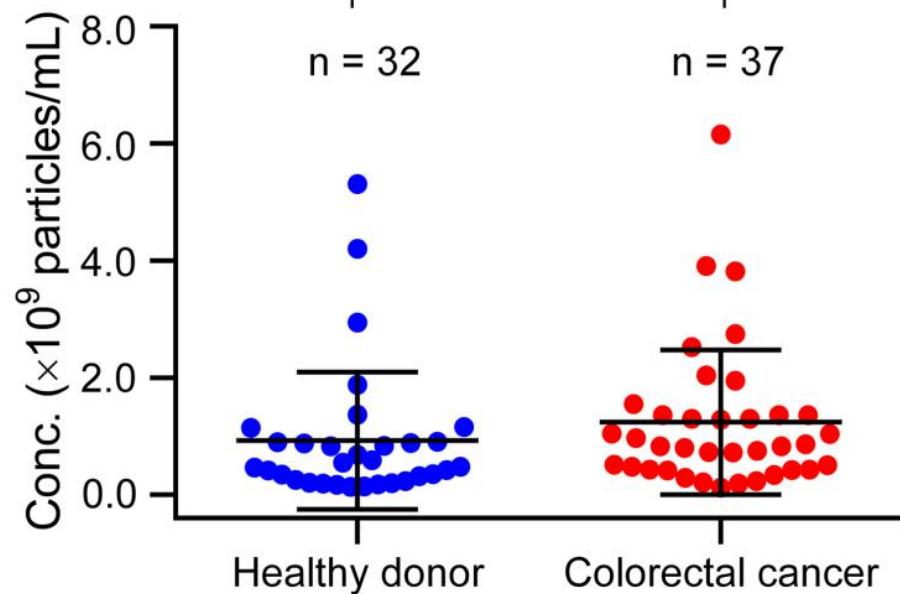
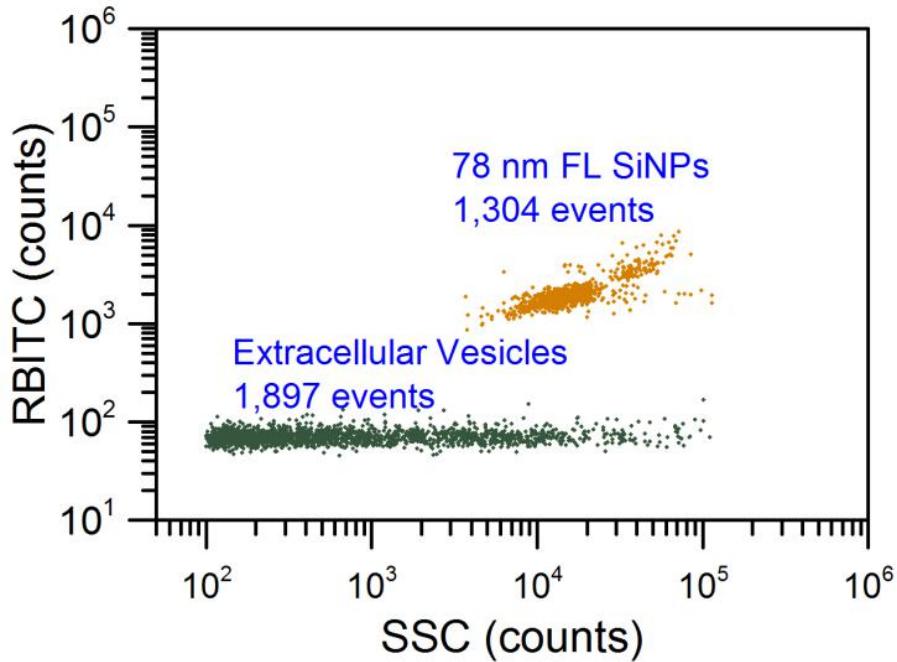
Normal Cancer



NanoFCM用量是WB的1%！

临床血浆样本中EVs的颗粒浓度

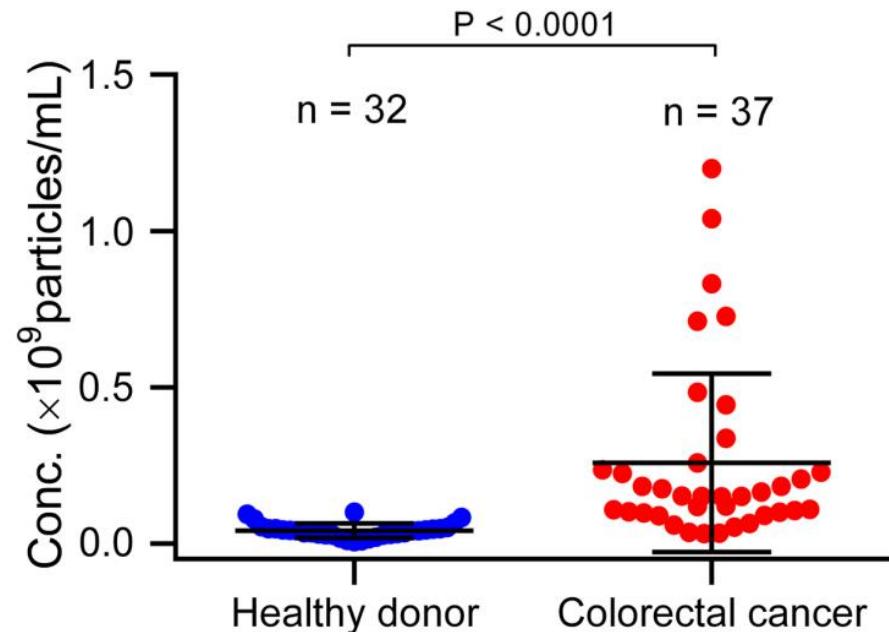
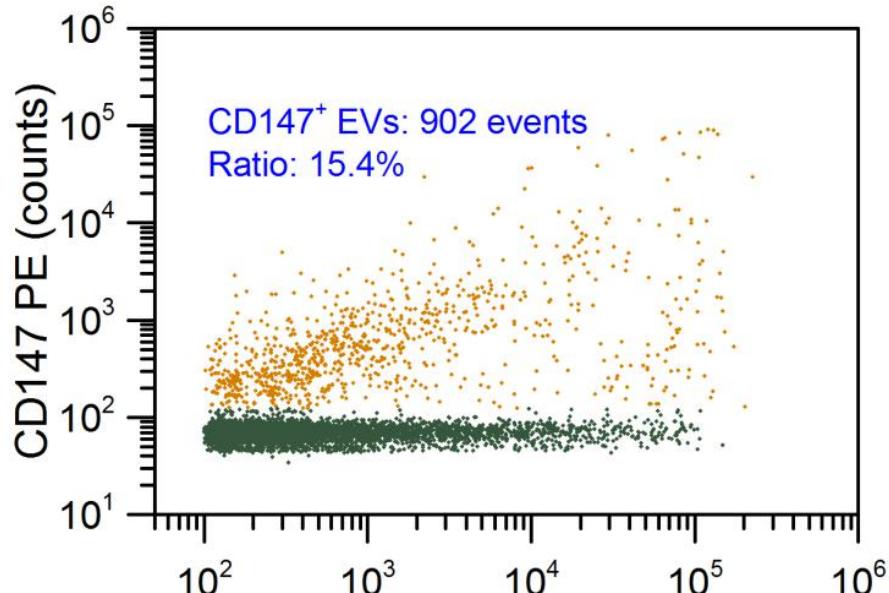
NanoFCM
NS



Total EVs concentration	n	Lowest	Highest	Ratio	Mean \pm s.d.
Healthy donor	32	$1.3 \times 10^8/\text{mL}$	$5.3 \times 10^9/\text{mL}$	41	$(0.9 \pm 1.2) \times 10^9/\text{mL}$
Patients	37	$1.2 \times 10^8/\text{mL}$	$6.2 \times 10^9/\text{mL}$	52	$(1.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^9/\text{mL}$

临床样本中CD147+的颗粒浓度

NanoFCM

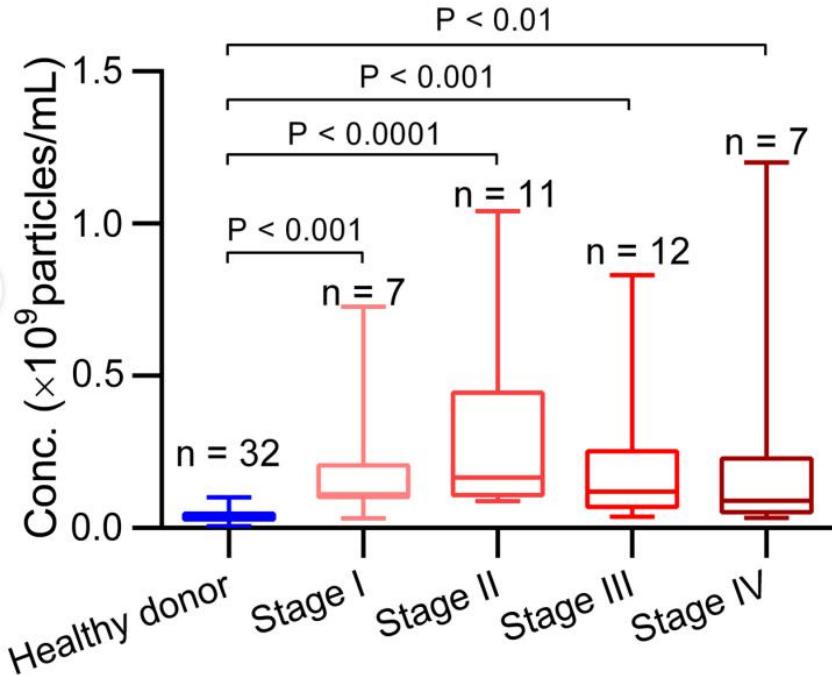


Total EVs concentration	n	Lowest	Highest	Ratio	Mean ± s.d.
Healthy donor	32	$0.6 \times 10^7/\text{mL}$	$1.0 \times 10^8/\text{mL}$	17	$(4.1 \pm 2.3) \times 10^7/\text{mL}$
Patients	37	$3.2 \times 10^7/\text{mL}$	$12 \times 10^8/\text{mL}$	38	$(2.9 \pm 2.9) \times 10^8/\text{mL}$
Ratio	/	/	/	/	7.1

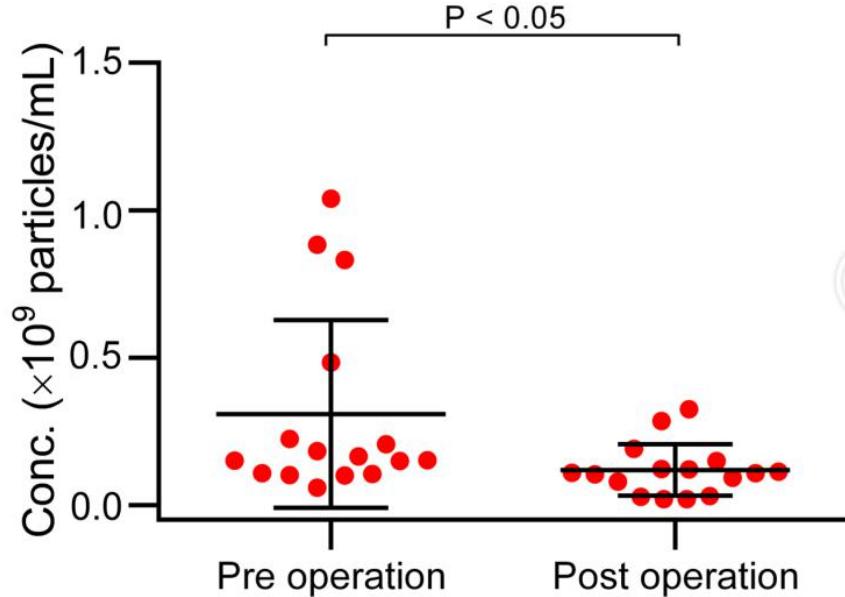
癌症的早期诊断&术后监测

NanoFCM

Different Cancer Stages



Surgical Resection



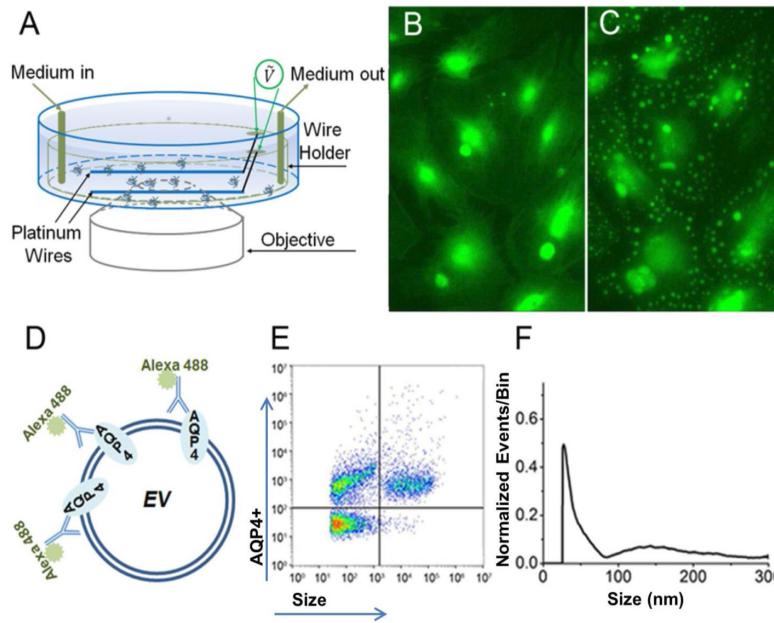
Tian Y, et al. ACS Nano, 2018, 12, 671

- Increased CD147⁺ EVs were also detected in patients with early stage of colorectal cancer;
- Analysis of CD147⁺ EVs might be used for monitoring the status of cancer after treatment.

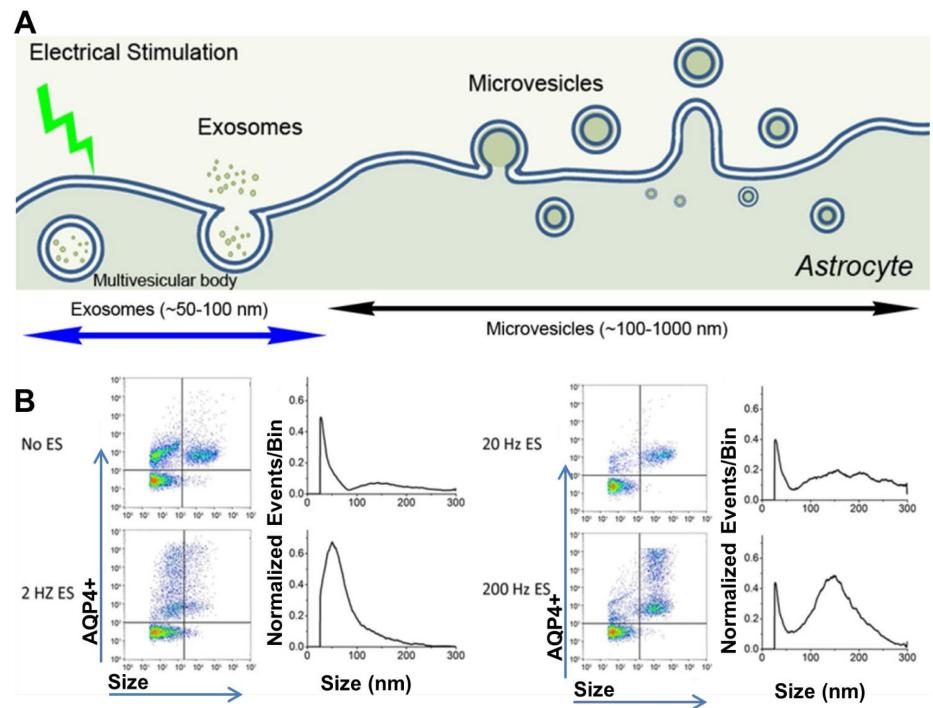
追踪程序调控对EV的影响

NanoFCM

Characterization of EVs in Astrocytes



Distributions of EVs after Electrical Stimulation



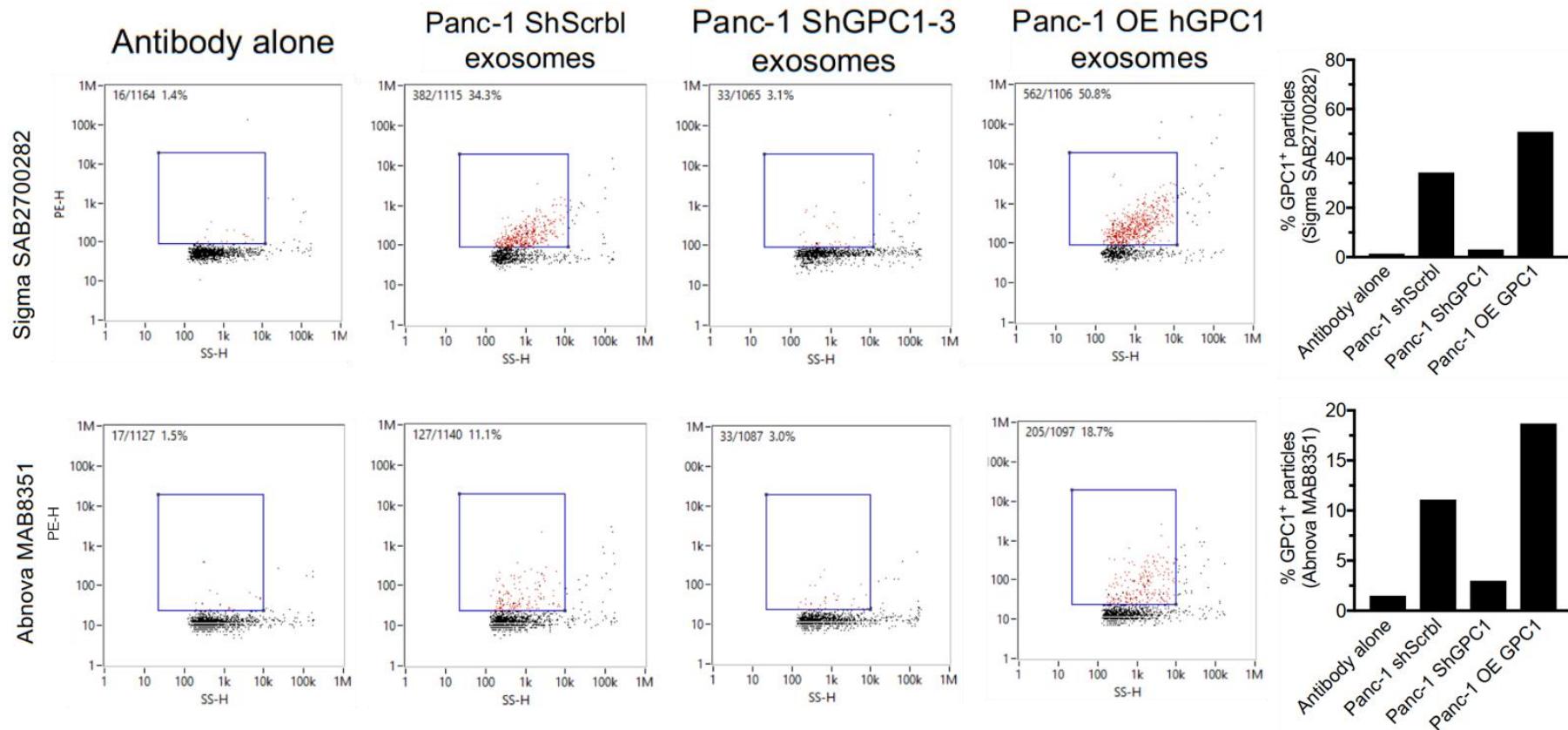
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1101/566448>

- The size distribution of AQP4-positive EVs are differentially affected by the frequency of electrical stimulation.

外泌体 特异性抗体直筛

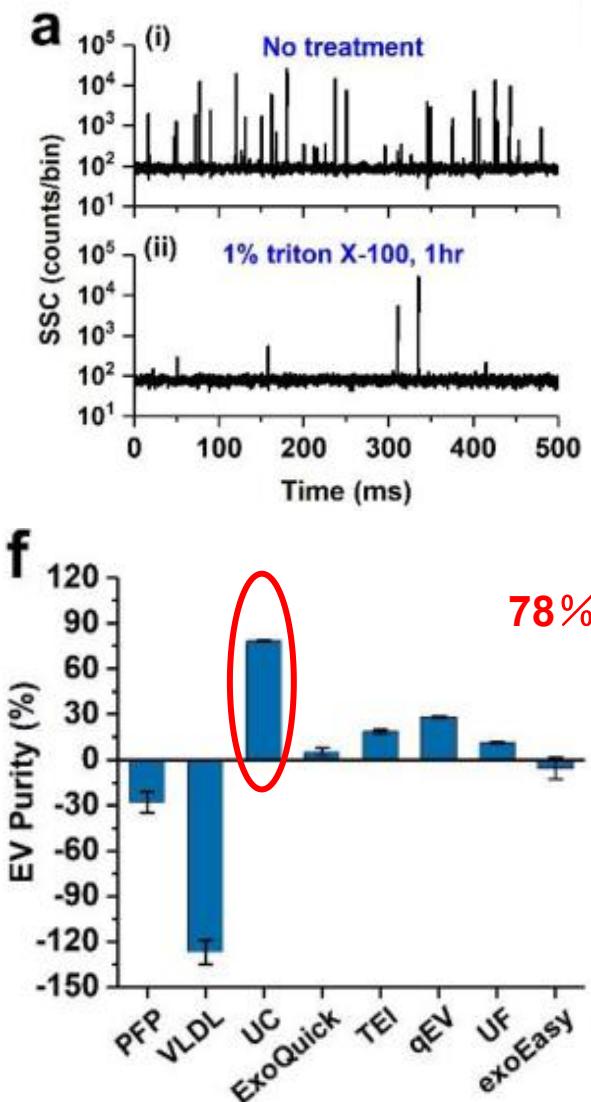
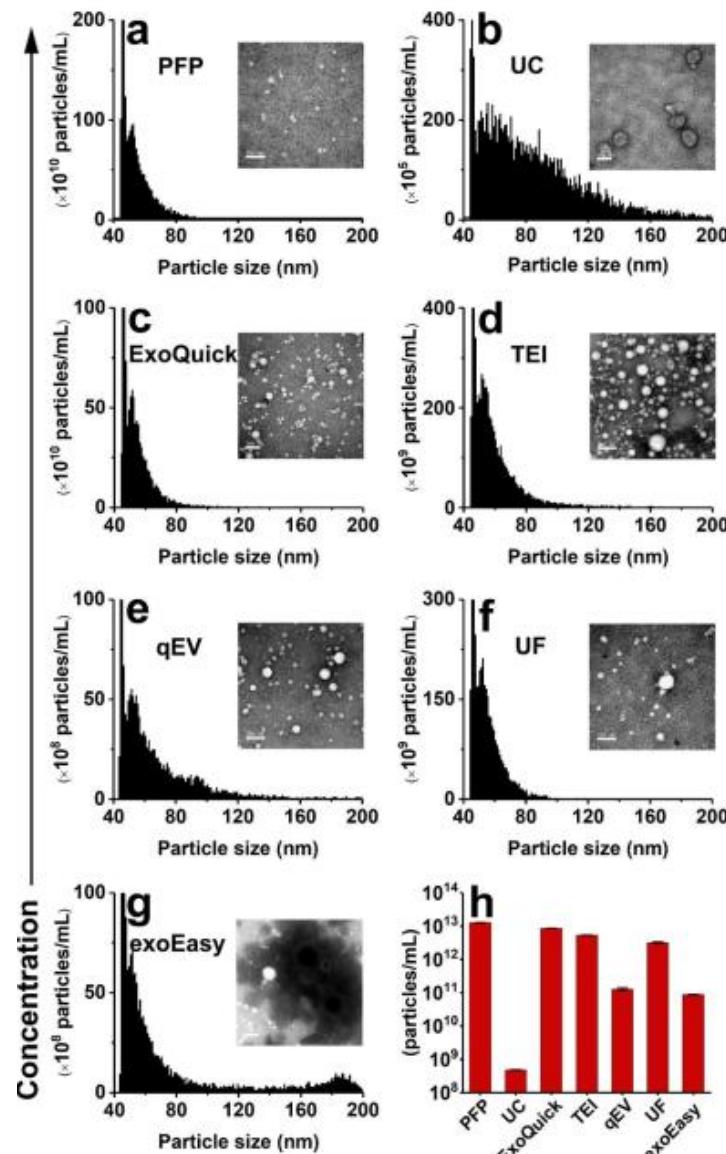
NanoFCM

安德森癌症中心 GPC1外泌体特异性抗体筛选



外泌体纯化方法的效率与质量评估

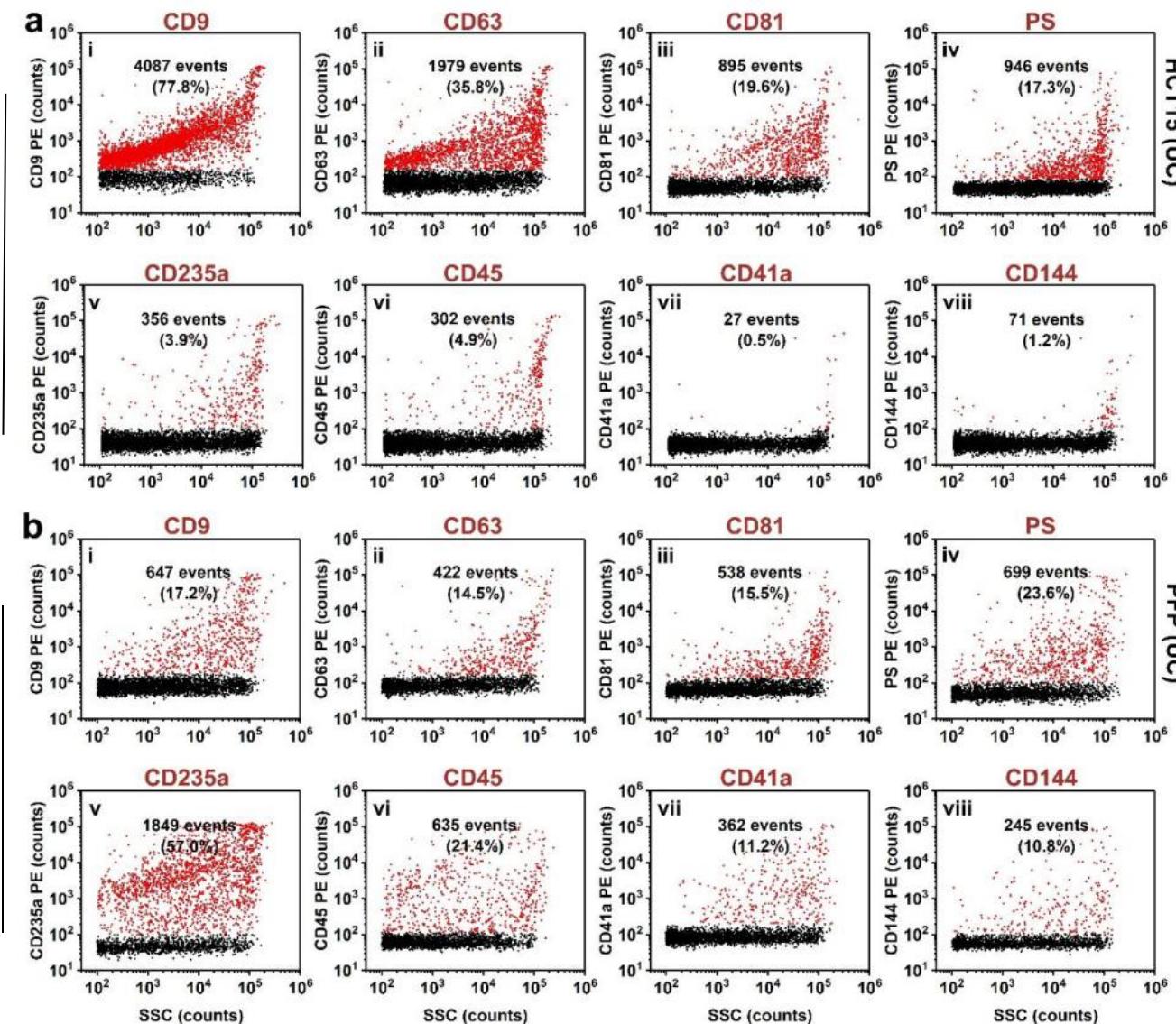
NanoFCM



外泌体Marker蛋白免疫荧光标记

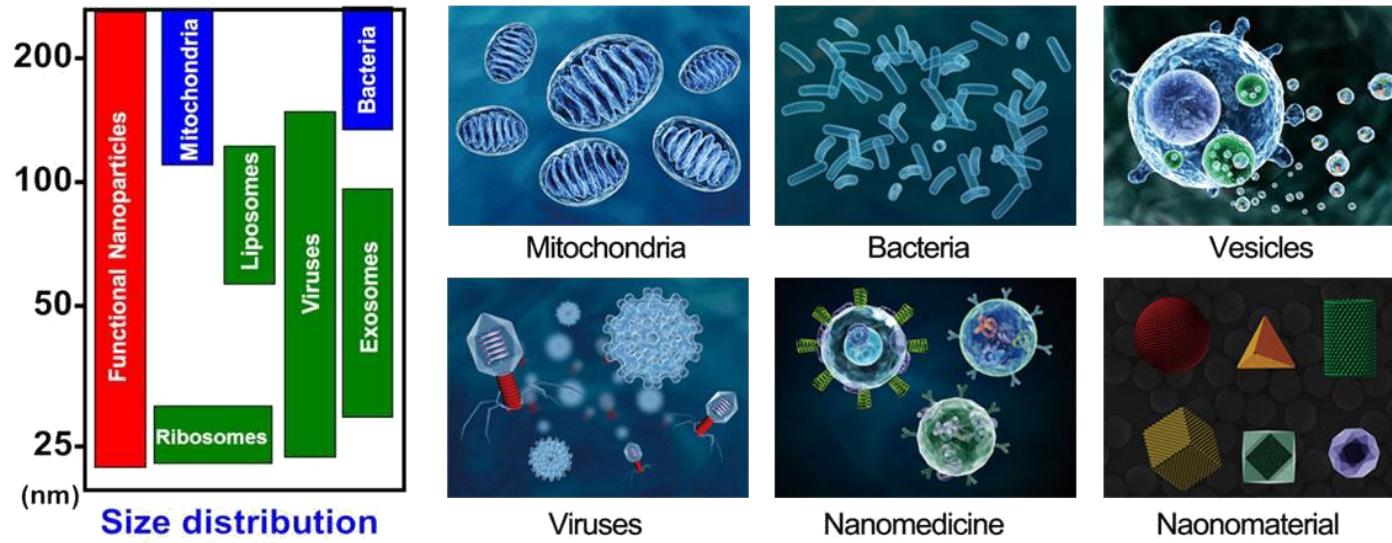
NanoFCM

细胞上清外泌体



纳米流式检测仪总结

NanoFCM



- 灵敏度高—低至7 nm纳米金颗粒检测，范围可覆盖细胞外囊泡的粒径
- 分辨率好—68/91/113/155nm混合颗粒基线分离
- 多参数检测—散射和荧光同时检测，实现单颗粒水平多参数检测
- 出具检测报告—样品的粒径、浓度报告及功能性样品颗粒的粒径浓度信息
- 样品消耗量少—低至10 μL即可检测，消耗低至1 μL

灵敏、快速、定量、生化性质

部分高分文章 (IF>10)

NanoFCM

1. Hu G, Xia Y, Zhang J, et al. "ESC-sEVs Rejuvenate Senescent Hippocampal NSCs by Activating Lysosomes to Improve Cognitive Dysfunction in Vascular Dementia." *Advanced Science* (2020). **IF=15.80**
2. Jiang W, Ma P, Deng L, et al. Hepatitis A virus structural protein pX interacts with ALIX and promotes the secretion of virions and foreign proteins through exosome-like vesicles. *Journal of Extracellular Vesicles*, 2020, 9(1): 1716513. **IF=11.00**
3. Tian Y, Gong M, Hu Y, et al. Quality and efficiency assessment of six extracellular vesicle isolation methods by nano-flow cytometry. *Journal of Extracellular Vesicles*, 2020, 9(1): 1697028. **IF: 11.00**
4. Yu S, Li Y, and Liao Z et al. Plasma Extracellular Vesicle Long RNA Profiling Identifies a Diagnostic Signature for the Detection of Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma. *Gut*, gutjnl-2019-318860. **IF: 17.94**
5. Zhang Y, Jin X, and Liang J et al. Extracellular Vesicles Derived from ODN-stimulated Macrophages Transfer and Activate Cdc42 in Recipient Cells and Thereby Increase Cellular Permissiveness to EV Uptake. *Science Advances*, 2019, 5: eaav1564. **IF: 12.80**
6. Zhu Q, Ling X, and Deng Z et al. Embryonic Stem Cells-Derived Exosomes Endowed with Targeting Properties as Chemotherapeutics Delivery Vehicles for Glioblastoma Therapy. *Advanced Science*, 2019, 6, 1801899. **IF: 15.80**
7. Lv P, Liu X, and Liu G et al. Genetically Engineered Cell Membrane Nanovesicles for Oncolytic Adenovirus Delivery: A Versatile Platform for Cancer Virotherapy. *Nano Letters*, 2019, 19, 2993-3001. **IF: 12.27**
8. Tian Y, Ma L, Gong M, et al. Protein Profiling and Sizing of Extracellular Vesicles from Colorectal Cancer Patients via Flow Cytometry. *ACS Nano*, 2018, 12(1), 671-680. **IF: 13.71**
9. Ma L, Zhu S, Tian Y, et al. Label-Free Analysis of Single Viruses with a Resolution Comparable to That of Electron Microscopy and the Throughput of Flow Cytometry. *Angewandte Chemie*, 2016, 55(35):10239-10243. **IF: 11.18**
10. Zhu S, Ma L, Wang S, et al. Light-Scattering Detection below the Level of Single Fluorescent Molecules for High-Resolution Characterization of Functional Nanoparticles. *ACS Nano*, 2014, 8(10):10998-11006. **IF: 13.71**
11. Wu L, Huang T, and Yan X et al. Sensitive and Selective Bacterial Detection Using Tetracysteine-Tagged Phages in Conjunction with Biarsenical Dye. *Angewandte Chemie International Edition*, 2011, 50, 5873-5877. **IF: 11.18**
12. Zhu S, Yang L, and Yan X et al. Size Differentiation and Absolute Quantification of Gold Nanoparticles via Single Particle Detection with a Laboratory-Built High-Sensitivity Flow Cytometer. *Journal of American Chemical Society*, 2010, 132, 12176-12178. **IF: 13.6**

Thank you !

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service@nanofcm.com

